The Columbian.

HENRY L. DIEFFENBACH,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1875.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. IX, NO. 5
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XXXVIII, NO. 51

THE COLUMBIAN
(COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At two dollars per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year, $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $1.50 per year strictly in advance, $2.00 if not paid in advance and $2.50 if payment be delayed beyond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State, or to distant post offices, must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	3.00	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	50.00
One column	30.00	35.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's Notices, three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—Irum Derr, Isaac S. Monroe.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—Michael Grover.
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—[illegible].
Commissioners—William Lawton, John Herner, John Kile.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—[illegible], S. H. Smith, David Yost.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott. C. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President, J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. J. R. Williams.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. J. H. McGarrah.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.

Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. T. F. Hoffmeier.
Residence—East street, near Forks Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.
Services every Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Heler's church, Madison township.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.
Persons desiring to consult the Rector on religious matters will find him at the parsonage on Rock Street.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK MORTGAGES for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS, Common and Judgment Bonds, just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. All kinds of Attorney's blanks either kept on hand or printed to order.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

CLOTHING, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St. above Central Hotel.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

LOUIS BERNARD, Watch and Clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

THE MISSES HARMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main street, below Central Hotel.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side of Main street, above J. K. [illegible].

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office 2d floor in the "Columbian" building.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

MISCELLANEOUS.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk and Harness maker, Shive's Block, Main street.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main street, west of Market st.

D. W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer, second door from the northwest corner Main and Iron streets.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ORANGEVILLE, PA.
Office opposite James B. Harman's.
Mar.5,'74—6m.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and builder, Main street below Pine.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon, Main street, next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and dealer in grain, Mill street.

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker. Main street, below Pine.

LIGHT STREET.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tinware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

ESPY.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory.

CATAWISSA.

ST. JOHN'S (EPISCOPAL) CHURCH.
Rector—Rev. John Hewitt.
Sunday Services—3 o'clock p. m. every Sunday.
Sunday School—1:30 p. m.
Holy Communion the second Sunday in the month.

DR. E. W. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, on Main street,
Mar.27,'74—y Catawissa, Pa.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

BUCK HORN.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. L. TURNER, Exchange Hotel.
R. F. GARDNER, Residence Market st., 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller's.

DRS. TURNER & GARDNER.
Office over Kleim's Drug Store.
Jan. 8, '75-y Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Brower's building, second door, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. July1,'73—y

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House.
Mar.8,'74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. July1,'73—y

C. B. BROCKWAY. GEORGE E. ELWELL.
BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. Sept.11,'74—y

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—28

MISCELLANEOUS.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

	Capital.
Royal of Liverpool, England	$13,500,000
Lancashire, England	10,000,000
Aetna, Hartford, Connecticut	6,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,000,000
Home, New York	2,500,000
Springfield, Hartford, Connecticut	650,000
Farmers', Danville, Pa.	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	100,000

FREAS BROWN, Agent,
EXCHANGE HOTEL, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
April 10,'74—y

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH, which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. July 1,'73

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. July1,'73

CARPETS! CARPETS!!

S. H. MILLER & SON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED and are offering for sale at very low prices one of the best assortments of CARPETS ever offered for sale in the town of Bloomsburg. They are all new and of the very latest styles. Prices vary from 25 cents to $2.25 per yard. Call and see them.
Oct. 23, '74—tf.

PAINTING.

GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below Second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,
GLAZING,
and
PAPER

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money by calling on him.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Order solicited.
WM. F. BODINE.
Mar. 6, '74—ly.

BAKERY AND CONEECTIONERY,

MAIN STREET BELOW MARKET.

ECKHART JACOBS

DESIRES to call the attention of the people of Bloomsburg to his establishment where may be obtained at all times the finest fresh

BREAD,
BISCUIT,
ROLLS,
CAKES,
PLAIN AND FANCY CONFECTIONERY,
&c., &c., &c.,
To be found in Town.

Ornamental Cakes furnished to order.

Parties supplied. All orders filled promptly and satisfaction guaranteed. Mar.31,'73

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS, &C., &C.
NEATLY AND CHEAPLY PRINTED, AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

CORN in the ear received on subscriptions at the COLUMBIAN office.

HENDERSHOTT'S

PHARMACY,

OPPOSITE CENTRAL HOTEL,

WHERE may be found a full stock of drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Pharmaceutical Preparations Perfumery and Toilet Articles.

HENDERSHOTT'S GERMAN LINIMENT has proved to be the best internal and external family medicine yet offered to the public. Don't fail to try one bottle—only 50 cents, in large bottles.

A HANDSOME CHROMO picture given to each purchaser of a bottle of Floral Extract for the handkerchief, a delightful perfume—Only 50 cents per bottle.

GEORGE WOSTENHOLM'S Celebrated English Pocket Knives, Razors, and Scissors, Ladies and Gents Knives in Ivory, Pearl and Shell handles, a full line.

GMELIN'S Hair and Whisker Dye, the best article yet offered. It produces a beautiful glossy black or brown as may be desired—Only 50 cents per box.

HARD Rubber and other Trusses and Surgical appliances of the most approved patterns, from the most celebrated makers. A complete assortment at very low prices.

IMPORTED and domestic Hair Oils, Pomades, Cosmetics &c., of the finest quality and choicest perfumes.

DR. WARREN'S Worm Confections. A safe and reliable preparation for expelling worms, warranted to give satisfaction in all cases—25 cents per box.

FOR the best five cent Cigars, and the choicest Havanas, call at Hendershott's.

HENDERSHOTT'S German Cattle Powder is without doubt the best condition powder in the market for Horses, Cows, Swine and poultry—Only 25 cents per package.

FOR Chapped Hands and Face, use Glycerine Lotion, the most delightful preparation ever offered for the purpose.
Jan.9,'74-y.

E. M. KNORR'S

BOOT & SHOE STORE

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE LATEST AND BEST,

EVERY VARIETY FOR

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Boots and Shoes of every style,
Good to walk with to any a mile,
Gaiters, Slippers, Balmorals,
Just the thing for pretty gals.
Boots and Shoes for boys and men,
Heavy Boots to put on when
Rainy weather is about,
Or if you go to fish for trout.
Lighter Boots for Sunday wear,
Or for a young man hunting *dear*,
Boots and Shoes to suit the trade,
Made to order, or ready made;
New ones made or old ones mended,
Thus the Poet's song is ended.

Large variety of Boots and Shoes for Fall and Winter Trade.

New Goods.

BARGAINS!
BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

OUR MOTTO:
Small Profits and Quick Sales

WORK MADE TO ORDER, BY THE BEST WORKMEN AND OUT OF THE BEST MATERIAL.

A share of the Public Patronage is solicited
☞GIVE US A TRIAL!☜
Sept. 18, '74—tf. E. M. KNORR.

GRAND OPENING!

ELIAS MENDENHALL

HAVING resumed the business of Merchandising at his Old Store, on
MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG,
NEAR THE FORKS HOTEL,
Desires to call the attention of his Friends and the Public generally to his
NEW, FULL AND VARIED

STOCK OF GOODS,
JUST OPENED,

And solicits a share of public patronage.
HIS STOCK CONSISTS OF

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENSWARE,
WILLOWWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
FLOUR AND FEED.

In connection with his stock of Merchandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,
A FULL STOCK OF
Dressed and Undressed Lumber,
AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.

Bill Lumber made a specialty.
CALL AND SEE.
Oct. 9, 1873—tf.

GREENWOOD SEMINARY.

NEXT TERM BEGINS

Monday, August 3d, 1874.

For particulars, Address,
R. H. WHITACRE,
MILLVILLE, PA.
June8,'74—tf

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.

WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholder, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought Iron Piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to.
N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied.
July 1, 1873—tf

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

BARGAINS

in Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Drugs, *Spices*, Patent Medicines, &c., &c.

MOYER BRO'S

WOULD call the attention of the public to their very large and well selected stock of goods which they offer at the

LOWEST MARKET RATES.

200 boxes Window Glass all sizes and qualities.

Glass for Picture Frames a specialty.

While Lead,
Red Lead,
Umbers,
Litharge,
Siennas,
Greens,
Blues,
Reds,
Yellows, dry and in Oil.

General Agents for

MONTOUR SLATE PAINTS

LINSEED,
OLIVE,
WHALE,
CASTOR, and other OILS

VARNISH and JAPANS

from the best Manufactories.

Their stock of

SPICES

excels any in this section of the State.

Agents for Dr. BICKLEY'S

FAMILY MEDICINES.

General Depot of supplies for Dr. J. C. Ayer's
POPULAR MEDICINES.

The Prescription Department is under the charge of competent Pharmaceutists.

Physicians' Prescriptions
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED WITH DESPATCH.

Cold Sparkling Soda Water.

The attention of country dealers, especially is called to our stock of

BOTTLED GOODS,
SPICES, ALUM,
CONCENTRATED LYE,
Patent and Proprietary Medicines &c.

Our wagon will continue as formerly to make its usual trips to supply customers.

OIL OF GLADNESS,

a specific for

Coughs,
Colds,
Croup,
Burns,
Tetter,
Piles &c.,

an Internal and External remedy whose healing virtues are attested by thousands in this and adjoining counties is manufactured by them and supplied to the afflicted either directly or through their country dealers.

Price 50 Cents Per Bottle,

None genuine unless it bears the trade mark and name of Moyer Bro's the words "Oil of Gladness" blown in the glass and the signature of Moyer Bro's on the wrapper.
Apr.17,'74—1y

A. J. EVANS,

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

INEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES,

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEM

For Good Fits and Promptness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his CUSTOM WORK will compare favorably with the best effort of the fashionable City Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' & CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTLEMEN'S

FURNISHING GOODS

At Astonishingly Low Prices.
A. J. EVANS.
July 1, 1873—tf.

CHARLES CAMBLOS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
35 South Third Street.
Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Silver. Collections made.
Stock and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Poetical.

"UNTIL THE DAY BREAK."

Will it pain me there forever,
Will it leave me happy ever,
This weary, weary gnawing of the old dull pain?
Will the sweet yet bitter yearning,
That at my heart is burning,
Throb on and on forever and forever be in vain?

O weary, weary longing!
O sad, sweet memories thronging
From the sunset-lighted woodlands of the dear and holy past!
Oh hope and faith undying!
Shall I never cease from sighing?
Must my life among the shadows forevermore be cast?

Shall I never see the glory
Of the Christ-knight of old story
Sir Galahad, my hero, saw folded round his sleep?
[illegible] complete beauty
With which God gilds dull duty
For hearts that burn toward heaven from the everlasting deep—

From that conflict ceasing never,
From the toil increasing ever?
From the hard and bitter battle with the cold and callous world?
Will the sky grow never clearer?
Will the hills draw never nearer
Where the golden city glitters in its rainbow tints impearled?

Ah me, that golden city!
Can God then have no pity?
I have sought it with such yearning for so many bitter years!
And yet, the hills' blue glimmer,
And the portal's golden shimmer
Fade ever with the evening and the distance never nears!

O weary, weary living!
O foemen unforgiving!
O enemies that meet me in the earth and in the air;
O flesh that clogs my yearnings!
O weakness aye returning!
Will ye never cease to trouble? Will ye never, never spare?

Will my soul grow never purer?
Will my hope be never purer?
Will the mist-wreaths and the cliff-gates from my path be never rolled?
Shall I never, never gain it,
That last ecstatic minute,
When the journey's guerdon waits me behind those hills of gold?

Alas! the clouds grow darker,
And the hills loom ever starker,
Across the leaden mist-screen of the heavens dull and gray.
Thou must learn to bear thy burden,
Thou must wait to win thy guerdon,
Until the daybreak cometh and the shadows flee away.

IT IS SO.

I've seen many a girl
Who would marry a churl,
Provided he'd plenty of gold,
And would live to repent,
When the money was spent—
When she found that her heart had been sold.
It is so! It is so!
You may smile if you like,
But it's so.

I've known many a lass
Who would thoughtlessly pass
Whole hours parading the street;
While the mother would scrub
All the while at the tub,
Never minding the cold nor the heat.
It is so! It is so!
You may smile if you like,
But it's so.

There is many a man
Who will "dress" if he can,
No matter how empty his purse;
And his tailor may look,
When he settles his book,
For his patron has bolted or worse.
It is so! it is so!
You may smile if you like,
But it's so.

I know people so nice
They will faint in a trice
If you mention hard labor to them:
Yet their parents were poor,
And were forced to endure
Many hardships life's current to stem,
It is so! it is so!
You may smile if you like,
But it's so.

There are many about,
With a face "long drawn out,"
Who will prate for the harm of a laugh
Yet they'll cheat all the week,
Though on Sundays so meek,
To my mind they're too pious by half.
It is so! It is so!
You may smile if you like,
But it's so.

Miscellaneous.

SOUND ADVICE.—Let the winds and waves of adversity blow and dash around you, if they will; but keep on the path of rectitude, and you will be as firm as a rock. Plant yourself upon principle, and bid defiance to misfortune. If gossip with her poisoned tongue meddles with your good name, heed her not. Carry yourself erect; let your course be straightforward, and by the serenity of your countenance and purity of your life, give the lie to all who would underrate and be little you.

◆

A WORD FOR BOYS.—Truth is one of the rarest gems. Many a youth has been lost in society by allowing falsehood to tarnish his character, and foolishly throwing it away.

If this gem still shines in your bosom, suffer nothing to displace or diminish its luster.

Profanity is a mark of low breeding. Show us a man that commands respect; an oath trembles not on his tongue. Read the catalogue of crime. Inquire the character of those who depart from virtue. Without a single exception you will find them to be profane. Think of this, and don't let a vile word disgrace you.

Honesty, frankness, generosity, virtue—blessed traits! Be these yours, my boys, and we shall not fear. You will claim the respect and love of all. You are watched by your elders. Men who are looking for clerks and apprentices have their eyes on you. If you are profane, vulgar, theatre going, they will not choose you. If you are upright, steady and industrious, before long you will find good places, kind masters, and the prospect of a useful life before you.

◆

A Good Suggestion.

A savings woman at the head of the family is the very best saving bank established—one receiving deposits daily and hourly, with no costly machinery to manage it.—The idea of saving is a pleasant one, and if the women would imbibe it at once, they would cultivate and adhere to it, and when they are not aware of it, would be laying the foundation of security in a stormy time and shelter in a rainy day. The woman who sees to her own house has a large field to work in. The best way to make her comprehend it is to have an account kept of all current expenses. Probably not one woman in ten has an idea how much are the expenditures of herself and family.—Where from one to two thousand dollars are expended annually, there is a chance to save something if the effort is made. Let the housewife take the idea, act upon it, and she will save many dollars—perhaps hundreds where before she thought it impossible. This is a duty, yet not a prompting of avarice, but a moral obligation that rests upon the woman as well as upon the man.

The Doctrines of Confucius.

LECTURE BY A "HEATHEN CHINEE."

At the Academy of Music, in Philadelphia one of the "Star Course" lecturers was a Chinese scholar, named Wong Chin Foo. His subject was the Doctrines of Confucius, the father of Chinese morality. The following are extracts from his lecture, made by one of the phonographic staff of the *Public Ledger*:

Before presenting to you the wonderful sentiments which Confucius gave us, some centuries ago, I will try to explain to you who this Confucius was. Confucius is believed by many, especially among the common people, to be a supreme being, but by the learned classes he is believed to be no more than a good and very learned man. He has a very peculiar history concerning his birth. In former years it was the custom for our females to go into the fields, where the mulberry trees grew, and collect mulberry leaves to feed the silk worms with. In China great care is taken of these silk worms by the females of the country. All the women in those days went out to collect these leaves, and the mother of Confucius also had to do this kind of work, inasmuch as she was forced to go by the law of China. Even the Empress had to go out in the fields and collect mulberry leaves, to show a good example to the females of the empire. The mother of Confucius went out one day, and the weather was very wet. She did not like to walk in the water, and finding, by accident, some footprints of a being which are supposed to have been those of an unknown deity, she followed them.

[Then followed a narrative of the birth, childhood and early history of Confucius, which allowing for Oriental differences of description, is quite similar to the same events in the life of Christ and of his virgin mother.]

When Confucius was a little boy, not quite five years old, he was wonderfully distinguished for his intellect, for his great reverence to the aged and for his great propriety. No matter what place he went to, or no matter in what position he was placed, he behaved like a grown person rather than like a child. And he was so early distinguished for his intellectual powers that he was appointed by the Emperor at the age of fourteen to be a very important officer in a high position. He, however, did not like that position and gave it up. When he became a man he saw the corrupt condition of his countrymen, and also the degraded rulers of that nation, robbing and cheating the people, no matter where they were placed, and he saw the corrupt state of the laws also, so he at once gave up his public life, denying himself all the money, all the pleasures, all the honors of this world when he began to reform his countrymen. He devised a systematic plan of reform, but did not teach it among every class of people. He did not carry out his religion as the teachers now do by mingling among all classes. He believed this religion could be better carried on in future generations by impressing it upon the minds of intellectual people, upon scholars, upon high personages, and not upon low coolies and common people who cannot understand argument. So Confucius did not choose to waste his time upon them. He believed that, by placing upon those strong minds this religion it could be carried out and daily become more substantial. To effect this purpose he had about him some five or six hundred mandarins—these people of position and honor, and those he taught and instructed. He died when 70 years old.

It will take some time to explain to you all his wonderful doctrines. *He considered five qualities* necessary to the perfect man. The first of these is propriety, the second gravity, the third sincerity, the fourth virtue, the fifth filial piety. Of the five things I will only be able to give you a partial idea. I do not come here to introduce this religion among you, I come here simply to uphold the great man Confucius, show you what he is, show you what kind of a literature we have, what kind of government, what belief. We believe we have just as good a religion as anybody else.

The first of these principles of Confucius is propriety, which is also the most important of all the principles laid down by him. Every one in China acts according to the laws of propriety. The small child has to learn how to behave himself in the streets and in the houses and in the public. You will never see in Chinese streets those little boys and girls addressing people they do not know, or sitting in any posture they please. There is only one way of sitting in China, which does not appear to be the case in your country. In a hotel in one of your cities I was in, there were six gentlemen, all of whom had different ways of sitting down. One had his head against his hand for fear his head might fall down on the ground. Another had his knees one on top of the other. The last had his feet four or five times higher than his head. In China we look down to see our feet, but in this country you look up. The first thing we teach our children is how to live, how to commence conversation, how to behave, not learn how to die, as I understand you teach them in this country. We teach them first how to live; you show them how to die, before they learn to live. Now these little children are taught these things in China. The first of these is that the boys and girls must not see each other until they are over fifteen years of age. If a young lady is found in the society of a young man before that age, she is severely censured by her mother. We let our mothers bring up our daughters to be good daughters, good wives, and good mothers, and our fathers have nothing to do with them. Let our fathers bring up our sons to be good sons, good husbands and fathers. This is according to the laws of propriety. We must not, if we are in a high situation, look down upon those below us, nor must we when we are in a low position court the favor of our superiors.

We are taught to conduct ourselves properly in the position we are put in. The superior man behaves himself properly everywhere. When our elders come towards us we do not face right to them, we step right aside and let them pass by. No young man in our empire dares let an aged person over sixty years old wait upon him. No matter how rich he may be or how poor the old person may be, the latter is not allowed to wait upon a younger person. At a hotel in Michigan I noticed an old man of 70 waiting upon a lot of brawling young men. If that thing was done in China, that hotel-keeper would be stoned to death because he worked a person three times his own age, who should be dependent upon charity. The old are taken care of in China, and that too in a heathen land, remember. This care of the aged is according to the laws of propriety. We are also prejudiced against all foreign nations who violate the mandates of propriety. Yet, according to Confucius' laws, we should love foreigners, for does he not say, "Is it not good to have these people come from afar and bring into your land their industries and their improvements and take away with them your furniture, your products, your silks, to learn you their useful arts and to acquire from you information on your own?" The reason we are prejudiced against these foreign nations is because when they first came among us, they disobeyed the laws of propriety. We never let people come in who violate the laws of propriety.

The next of Confucius' principles is sincerity. According to a translation from his work "Sincerity," says Confucius, "is that whereby self-completion is affected, and its way is that by which man must direct himself. Sincerity is the end and beginning of all things, without it there would be nothing. By the practice of sincerity he does not merely complete himself, but with that quality he completes other men. To complete himself shows his perfect virtue, the completion of other men shows his great knowledge."—In China we must be sincere. Whatever we do we must do it sincerely. When we make friends we must be sincere above all things. There is no nation where you can find friendship so well developed as in ours. They do not say in China "when you have money you have friends," but they say "when you have *friends* you have money." When we get acquainted with one another, and find our tastes similar; when we find we want to be friends all the time, all our lifetimes, that we may be agreeable and kind to each other, we go through a solemn ceremony. We have two glasses of wine, and each one of us takes a knife; we cut our wrists, and let the blood fall into the glasses. When this is done we write out our wills, such as this: "When I shall die, you shall take care of my family, of my children, of my property. If you go to jail I must go there too, and if you get your head cut off I must do the same." This is written on a visiting card. This is perfectly safe, as our visiting cards are about 2½ feet long and half a foot broad. This common visiting card thus written upon, states that we will have no other friend but this one, for a third friend might come in and destroy our unity. When this is done we burn the card and offer up a sacrific of roasted duck, roasted pig or roasted fowl. We sacrifice particularly what we love best. When we have this paper burned we make a solemn vow, saying, "Let the heavens witness our words this moment; if there be any one of us who utter an insincere word, let us die before we drink this cup." We embrace each other and drink the cup down.

"Gravity" is the next of Confucius' principles. Confucius says a man must be grave. You have all noticed the grave, thoughtful expression on the faces of all Chinamen.—These they wear according to the law of gravity. If a man wants to be respected by everybody, he must, of necessity, wear a grave countenance. Confucius, no matter what was the time or what was the occasion, always wore a countenance as if he was in great thought.

The next principle of Confucius is "virtue." According to our understanding, there are five different classes of virtue—modesty, industry, hospitality, economy and meekness. All these qualities are practiced by the Chinese: the latter particularly being the cause of their receiving injuries without resenting them.

Filial piety is the fifth and last of the principles of the great Confucius. There is no country in the world where this great principle is so beautifully carried out as in the Chinese empire. Not only do little children of four and five years have to obey their parents, but great big men and women of forty and fifty have to do so also, and in cases of disobedience are spanked by their parents. And again, if their elder parents disregard the laws they are spanked by the Emperor. This sentiment of filial piety is so strong and so important with us, that if a man says anything against his parents he is punished for violating one of Confucius' most important laws. When Confucius was asked what was filial piety, he replied, "think of your parents when they are sick." This principle teaches us that we show our parents the same kindness they have shown us. When our parents are dead they are not forgotten. For three whole years after our mother is dead we have to stay in our houses, give up our business and mourn our loss. Families who have lost their mothers should deny themselves all luxuries and should live ten times worse than their servants. Filial piety is one of the greatest things we have in China, and it is on this account that the order is so great in that empire. There is no nation of 350,000,000 people on the face of the globe where there are so few robbers and so little crime of every description.

The following are a few of the sayings of Confucius:

When asked by his students how to become a great man, Confucius, who very seldom spoke, but when he did speak, spoke to the point, replied by saying, "Let your ears be open and your tongues sealed. Think twice before you speak once, so that you have no occassion for repentance."

When asked with regard to the future, he said: Be true to your consciences. Heaven will not forget you in the future."

Confucius tells us to obey the laws of conscience ten times more than anything else, as he considered them of the greatest importance.

When asked by his students in which way to succeed, he uttered his celebrated golden rule, saying: "Do ye not unto others as you would not have others do unto you."

[The lecturer spoke clear musical English fluently and rapidly. His style was sprightly, and marked by a keen sense of the humorous, and at times it was fervid, earnest and impassioned. He spoke extemporaneously and excursively, and but few of our lecturers to whom English is the "mother tongue" could have done better than Wong Chin Foo.]

◆

"You have a good husband, Betsey!" "Um! so so! good enough as men go.—But what makes you speak of him?" "He told me yesterday that in twenty years he had never given you a cross word." "Oh! I should think not, indeed; and he'd better not try it, either."

◆

When any one out West relates a circumstance that takes more than two men to believe, they interrupt him by asking if he has a photograph of the occurrence.

James Lick's Estate.

We publish from the N. Y. *Tribune*, the following editorial on the success and peculiarity of a Pennsylvanian, and we think it will be read with interest.

The most remarkable auction sale of which history gives us an account was held recently in San Francisco. A portion of the immense estate of James Lick, given to trustees for public uses, was sold for two millions of dollars. The residue was withdrawn for disposal at a future day. The time would appear hardly favorable for the sale of real estate, and yet a sufficient sum has been realized to accomplish all the specific purposes contained in the extraordinary deed by which this public spirited citizen reduced himself, a few months ago, from vast opulence to a position of simple ease.

James Lick is a native of Fredericksburg, Pennsylvania, who learned the trade of piano making in the early years of this century. Having a taste for adventure, which was with him not incompatible with great industry and thrift, he went to South America, where he passed several years engaged in any business which offered, sometimes making pianos, sometimes dealing in furs, but always getting ahead. When the Mexican war threw California into our hands, and the rumored discoveries of gold excited such interest among Americans on the Pacific Coast, Mr. Lick resolved to seek his fortune in El Dorado. His business in Peru was relentlessly sacrificed, and he started for San Francisco Bay with $30,000 in cash, the avails of property worth twice that sum. There were very few of the early emigrants who had any such sum of money, and still fewer who had such a head-piece as were carried on the square shoulders of the Pennsylvania piano-maker. He bought a lot and a large adobe house on the north-east corner of Montgomery and Jackson streets, to keep his safe full of doubloons in, and then began to look about him. He saw that a great town was sure to grow up on those sand hills, and he lost no time in selecting and buying the most eligible positions in the future city. This was in 1848, when there was only a straggling village there, and the prices which Mr. Lick paid were usually above the market of the times. He wanted only choice lots and secure titles. He kept his own counsel, and for years afterwards, when the vigorous young city was spreading out on every hand, there were many vacant lots and blocks occupying the best situation whose ownership was a mystery to every one except the quiet speculator.

He is now 78 years old, and does not choose to wait until his death shall throw his property into hands of bungling corporations and grasping heirs. He therefore made a deed in July last giving his whole estate to seven trustees, Thomas H. Selsby, D. O. Mills, Henry M. Newhall, William Alvord, George H. Howard, James Otis, and John O. Earl, for uses and purposes of a remarkable character. Seven hundred thousand dollars are to be devoted to the construction on the borders of Lake Tahoe, or elsewhere in the State of California, of a "powerful telescope, superior to and more powerful than any telescope ever yet made." This is to be constructed as rapidly as circumstances shall permit. Three hundred thousand are to be used to found and endow an institution to be called "The California School of Mechanical Arts, the object and purpose of which shall be to educate the males and females in the practical arts of life," to be open to all youths born in California. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars are to be spent in building a monument designed to commemorate the history of California, and one hundred and fifty thousand are to be devoted to a bronze monument to Francis Scott Key, author of the "Star Spangled Banner," probably the largest proportion of monumental glory to the amount of copy which provoked it of which we have any record. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars are to be spent in building free baths for San Franciscans, and one hundred thousand in establishing a home for old ladies who have no means of support. These are the principal purposes of the trust, though there are numerous gifts of $25,000 and $10,000 to various charities. The family of Mr. Lick are scantily remembered. He gives $5,000 apiece for gravestones for those who are gone and the same sum or less to those who survive—less than fifty thousand dollars in all. After these purposes are accomplished, the residue of his estate goes in equal portions to the California Academy of Sciences and the Society of California Pioneers, to be used in the erection of suitable buildings and the purchase of libraries, scientific collections, apparatus, and other things useful to the advancement of science.

The trust embraces every inch of ground and every cent of money owned by Mr. Lick. He places himself on the list of his own beneficiaries, in a curious manner. He reserves for himself the use and enjoyment during his life of his homestead property at San Jose, in Santa Clara county, which is to revert after his death to the two societies last mentioned and he farther charges that the trustees shall pay to him "such sums of money as he may from day to day or from week to week demand of them, not, however, exceeding the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars in any one year." It is said that it required some persuasion to induce him to receive so large a sum as this for his own use. Such in short is a sketch of the most extraordinary public bequest of our time. It differs widely from the Peabody benefactions in the fact that the California capitalist has reserved so little for himself, and has left almost nothing for his relatives. The trust, if wisely and luckily administered, may be made the means of great good, but this it is impossible for any one to foresee. No one can help being a little nervous as to the disposition to be made of $350,000 dollars devoted to monumental art. The trustees have it in their power to give the Pacific Coast two of the finest monuments in the world, or to cover the name of James Lick with ridicule more enduring than brass.

◆

A man who had saved the life of a daughter of a Boston millionaire, received $2.50 from the grateful parent. He was so overcome with the magnificent bounty that he paid out every cent of it to seventeen organ grinders to simultaneously serenade his benefactor.

◆

There are 115,023 soldiers' widows in the United States who receive pensions from the Government. Strange, strange, that young men continue to marry girls without a cent

If God bids thee draw, He will find thee a rope; if He bids thee ride, He will find thee a horse.

The Columbian
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Friday, February 5, 1875

Andy Johnson will meet in the United States senate thirteen senators, who voted jointly on his trial for impeachment.

The public debt statement shows that in the month of January the indebtedness of the country was increased $1,307,870.27.

The Pittsburg *Chronicle* says that the Democrats have lighted a fire which they will find it difficult to put out. They do not mean that it shall be put out, either, until all the loose rubbish is burned.

Difficulties about our power press machinery have prevented us for some weeks from getting our paper printed in time for some of the mails, and these troubles also caused some bad printing. We are glad to say these have at length been corrected, that the printing in future will be perfect, and after this issue the paper will be mailed, as usual, on Thursday evening.

Augus Cameron has been elected U. S. Senator by the Wisconsin Legislature, in place of Matt. Carpenter, Republican. Cameron received the votes of all the Democrats and some bolting Republicans. While the manner of his election and his name (though not a relative of Simon) portend no good, he is pledged to hard money, tariff for revenue and to favor the supremacy of the civil over the military power.

The Beecher trial is going on in New York, and city papers are loaded down with the filthiest stuff that ever got into newspaper columns. For publishing *hints* in reference to this business our *valiant* Federal officials imprisoned and robbed two women in New York, and for publishing no more objectionable matter, an obscure and friendless printer has been lying in jail in Williamsport for months. Why is not the same strong arm stretched out now? Cowardice—official cowardice! Radical instincts—cower to the strong—bully the weak!

In Maine the temperance people are going back to the old "moral suasion" plan of attack upon alcohol, after vainly trying the enforcement plans for twenty years. The elder portion of people here will remember how much was accomplished by the old plan of holding public meetings, signing pledges, &c., and how little has been effected by the other plans since that was abandoned. Voluntary action is both the popular and the effective mode of accomplishing any reform in a free country.

The European news of the week are not important. The French Assembly is making progress in constructing a government, but as no party has a majority the machine does not promise to be of the most consistent workmanship. Except in name there will be little of Republicanism about it.

The entire army of the new King, Alfonso, is moving against the Carlist positions in Spain and decisive results may be looked for.

The Turks and Montenegrins have been compelled to settle their difficulty, a war in that quarter not being convenient for the leading European powers.

State Superintendent of Public Schools.

It is a noticeable fact that during the forty years of our present School System no one from Western Pennsylvania has filled the office, [of State Superintendent.]—*Pittsburg Post.*

The *Post* is certainly in error. James Findly was the first Superintendent, *ex-officio*, and we believe he was from Allegheny or Westmoreland. Afterwards A. L. Russel, of Bedford, and Charles A. Black, of Greene, followed. The western part of the State was never distinguished, we believe, for not receiving its full share of official position.

When the snobs of this country got through with their worship of King Calico, they took time to look around them and then discovered that nobody was staring on the scene. They then dropped the subject and Calico found himself alone. At St. Louis he passed the time by roystering around the city and getting on a spree, after which he made tracks for the Sandwich Islands, being conveyed thither by a government vessel at the expense of the people, by order of Gen. Grant. Had the show been kept up that was started at Washington, Calico would no doubt have been back often, but the latter part of his experience will probably keep him away.

Texas probably suffered less in a direct way from the civil war than any other of the Southern States, and it has been either the most fortunate or the best governed State in that section since the war. The total debt of the State, according to Governor Cook's message, is only $4,012,295 and the estimated receipts $1,289,000. The estimated cost of the public schools is $569,000, and the estimated receipts of the school fund $715,129. The taxable property of the State is $275,000,000, an increase of $68,000,000 since 1872. There must be some potent reason for the prosperity of Texas as compared with Louisiana, and for the peace which reigns there, and a good lesson might be gathered from a comparison of the conditions which in the one State have produced anarchy and misrule, and in the other peace, light burdens and growing prosperity.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

The atmosphere of Texas is not congenial to the carpet bagger, and the white population there outnumbers the black. The main reason, however, is that Texas is so extensive that the army is not large enough to enforce frauds. Hence the Radicals keep hands off.

How to do it!

It is related by sundry Washington correspondents that when a committee of New Orleans importers waited on Gen. Grant with a request to remove his brother-in-law, Gen. Casey, from the office of collector at the Port of New Orleans, because of corruption and incompetency, the President naively inquired "but what will I do with him if I remove him?" The committee were nonplussed and retired.

Had Gov. Curtin been with that committee they would no doubt have been more successful. Some years ago there resided in Bellefonte a broken down ex-landlord, who had become completely worthless for any practical purpose, but was nevertheless a rather prepossessing man in personal appearance. Gen. Reed had built a very large and fine hotel at Erie and was in want of a superintendent. A paper was gotten up at Bellefonte recommending ex-landlord Ward, which was duly signed by Gov. Curtin and other distinguished gentlemen of the locality, and upon the strength of it Ward got the position. His incompetency soon became apparent and with some difficulty Gen. Reed got rid of him. Meeting Curtin afterwards, Reed complained to him for recommending such a man. The ex-Governor coolly replied, "do as we did—recommend him on further!" If the New Orleans committee had have understood that dodge they evidently could have gotten rid of brother-in-law Casey, by "recommending him on further!"

The Legislature.

Not much progress has as yet been made by the Legislature in the transaction of the necessary public business. A most disgraceful and shameful row occurred in the House on Monday evening. The Speaker called Mr. Wolf, of Union, to order, and directed him to take his seat. This he refused to do, but continued in his disorder. The Speaker then directed the Sergeant-at-arms to arrest him. Some Republican members crowded around to protect him and some Democrats absurdly went to the assistance of the officer. Amidst this shameful scene, the House adjourned. On the next day Wolf was arrested by the Sergeant and brought to the bar of the House. He offered an impudent explanation, when a motion of censure was offered and debated to the hour of adjournment. If the House had even an ordinary degree of respect for itself it would expel him. No matter what the merits of a controversy between a member and the Speaker may be, when the latter calls to order, or demands of a member to take his seat, the former must obey, and will if he is a gentleman, or fit associate of gentlemen. By no other means can any deliberative body preserve dignity or the most ordinary respectability. If the Speaker acts wrongfully, there are proper means for correcting or rebuking him.

Wolf, we are told, is a young lawyer, from Lewisburg, serving a third term. His Legislative reputation is not creditable. His conduct in the recent disgraceful occurrence is characteristic of ill-breeding, vulgarity and a total want of gentlemanly instincts or principles. He might have had the excuse of sudden passion had he not persisted in his impudence the next day. A frank, manly apology would have been creditable to him. As the case stands there is no extenuation for his fault, and the House will exhibit itself in no creditable light if it does not deal summarily with him.

This scene is a sad commentary upon the increase of membership, and goes far to sustain the position of those who opposed that piece of folly. Two hundred men is too large an assembly for deliberation, when it is composed of a majority of inexperienced persons, many of whom are ignorant and conceited, and too many ill-bred and unprincipled. They, of course, in time could be schooled into proper demeanor, but by that time the session will expire and a brood of new fledglings take their places at the next election.

We scarcely think the occurrence above referred to could have occurred with a competent and experienced Speaker in the chair. The House has since passed the resolution of censure, and if Wolf respects himself he will resign.

Congressional.

Last week the Radical leaders in Congress, generalled by Ben Butler, undertook to force the passage of the Civil Rights bill—a bill designed to bring the poor and moderately well off whites down to an equality with the blacks, north and south. The Democrats, led with consummate skill by Mr Samuel J. Randall, of this State, were as determined to resist. After a continuous session of forty-six hours, some of the Radicals yielded and consented to an adjournment. The Speaker announced that he would decide that the yeas and nays might be omitted in reading the journal, but wisely backed down upon the demand of Mr. Randall that they should be read. This consumed another day. The Radical leaders then attempted to suspend the rules so as to introduce a new rule permitting a majority of the House to take up any bill they pleased. They succeeded in uniting their party in favor of this because it would let in various thieving schemes in the way of appropriations that could not otherwise be reached, but they failed at first simply because a single Republican from Virginia voted against them and with the Democrats. The struggle is a fierce one, and the result depends upon two or three votes. If every member is present the Republicans have the requisite two-thirds majority, and they may yet succeed in passing their iniquitous scheme. They are desperate and will resort to any form of corruption to effect success.

The Republicans also have trouble in the Senate. They have held frequent caucuses to drum in the refractory, but eight of their number still hold out against recognizing the Kellogg usurpation and more still refuse to vote to admit the negro blackleg, Pinchback, to a seat as Senator from Louisiana. A committee who assume to be the leading negro Radicals of the United States, are out with a protest against recognizing the Kellogg government of Louisiana unless Pinchback is also admitted to the Senate, to which he was never elected by any Legislature having the semblance of legal authority. After the 4th of March, there will be no chance for any of these infamous schemes, and hence they are pressed now with extraordinary vigor.

Through unparliamentary decisions of the Speaker of the House, the rules were finally amended so as to enable the majority to take up any bill they pleased, except bills making appropriations. This will enable the Radicals to pass the Civil Rights bill and sink themselves deeper in eternal infamy.

Other proceedings so far unimportant.

Dont Hoard National Bank Notes.

While National Bank Notes have so far proved a sufficiently safe currency, in any extraordinary depreciation of Government stocks they will be sure to run far under par and may become almost worthless. Nothing but the fact that their ultimate payment is secured by United States Bonds gives them credit. If the bonds fall the value of the notes must materially diminish. It is unquestionably a fact that the Government is now in a great strait for revenue. The President and Secretary of the Treasury demand a tax upon Tea and Coffee to meet the emergency but *Congressmen dare not vote for it!* Where then is the fifty million deficiency to come from? And if the revenue continues to fall off the deficiency will be a hundred millions in another year. Unless this should be met by largely increased taxation, which the people may not be able to pay, the bonds must sink far below par and the National Bank notes with them. There are also other reasons why these notes may depreciate fearfully. We say, therefore, *do not hoard National Bank notes.* Keep them moving—pass them off as fast as you get them. That at least will do no harm and no loss will be sustained by it.

There is no getting behind the fact, that President Grant is in a fair way to be Johnsonized. There was a time—when for what reason we never could divine—he was an idol, nay, *the* idol of the Republican party, but that day has passed. The idol has been shattered, and there is only a broken remnant of the once powerful party left to do it reverence.

It is a wicked paper that says the last time Phil Sheridan "had em," he was tormented by forty thousand cockroaches crawling around him. Now he sees the gutters running with blood, and forty thousand murderers at large in Louisiana. When some men get the jimjams, they have 'em pretty bad.

The New York *Sun* is a pattern sensational paper. It has no care for truth; does not want truth, for that is not sensational, and always greatly prefers a lie, but any thing for a sensation, true or false, whether relating to the public or simply a private scandal. The paper lives by inducing people to talk about it, and its uniform and constant falsehoods effect this end better than any thing that is true or worthy of being said. None of its statements will bear repetition, no matter what they may be about, and any body who believes them will find himself deceived.

Recently a printing office boy in Chester county undertook to practice upon this characteristic of the *Sun* and wrote an article for it, saying in substance that the Presbyterian clergyman of that place (naming a mythical person) was entirely too partial to a female member of his church and that a general bobbery was kicked up about it. Instead of seeking to punish the infamous newspaper that would publish such stuff, written by a boy of whose existence even the editor had no knowledge, leading members of the church sought out the mischievous lad, who had merely burlesqued a scandalous newspaper, and gravely proceeded to punish him, by prosecution for libel, imprisonment, &c. The cowardly gummies who could thus vengefully pursue the mote in the boy's eye, while they blindly failed to see the beam in the profligate editor's, are certainly highly deserving of leather medals. The fact is there was something clever in the boy's idea. He fooled a New York editor—he successfully burlesqued a New York libeller in his own columns—he exposed to the public how readily the meanest of slanders will be propagated by the sensational papers of the cities, and how utterly unreliable are all their sensational statements, news, &c., and how foolish people are to patronize them! Boy like, the lad went too far in specifying real localities, and therein is his whole offence, but the scheme, apparent purpose and effect of his plot, are all good and exhibit genius. We do not know what they have done with the lad (put him in jail, perhaps) but he has done a good thing, and exhibited much above ordinary ability in doing it. He will get through with the feather in his hat and can afford for all time to laugh at the stupidity and the stupids who punished an unpretending and obscure boy for humbugging a New York sensational editor of a "leading" city newspaper!

New Libel Law.

The following new law on the subject of Libel has been presented to the Legislature. In its present form it is mischievous, giving great and unreasonable opportunity to blackguards and slanderers, and through them disgracing the press, but with the amendments we indicate between brackets would probably be useful:

SECTION 1. That from and after the passage of this act, on the trial of indictments, for writing or publishing a libel [upon persons acting in a public capacity] the truth of the matter charged as libellous may be given in evidence, and if the jury shall find that the same was written or published from good motives, [and] or for justifiable ends, [and] or that the matter so charged was true, it shall operate to the acquittal of the defendant or defendants, [provided no improper purpose or carelessness is apparent.]

SECTION 2. No conviction shall be had of a defendant, or defendants, in a prosecution for libel, whose vocation is the publication of a newspaper, for writing or publishing such alleged libel, anywhere, except within the county where the paper is edited and printed [or circulated.]

SECTION 3. That in the trial of all prosecutions for libel, exceptions to any decision of the Court, [upon the proper construction of the law,] may be made by the defendant or defendants and a bill thereof shall be sealed, in the same manner as is provided and practiced in civil cases, and the defendant or defendants, after conviction and judgment upon the verdict, may remove the indictment, record and all proceedings to the Supreme Court, which removal shall delay or stay the execution of the judgment or sentence until the same is reviewed and decided by the Supreme Court [provided that such appeals shall take precedence of all other business in said Court.]

SECTION 4. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

Of course where we insert the word [and] the following "or" should be omitted. But we really see little use in amending the present law, except so far as to secure uniformity in its application by a thorough review of it by the Supreme Court. Liars and slanderers have too much immunity already, and especially those of them who control printing presses.

Report of the Constitutional Commission.

By authority of the last Legislature, which desired to avoid the restrictions of the new Constitution, Gov. Hartranft appointed a Commission to report a revised instrument to the present Legislature. For some reason the selections of these Commissioners were made altogether from persons opposed to the amended Constitution. They have now made report, and it may be gratifying to the friends of the new instrument that these gentlemen have been able to find so little fault. Below we give a synopsis of the alterations they recommend. Some of the suggestions are vicious, but generally they are of little account. It will require the assent of two Legislatures and a majority vote of the people at a succeeding election to adopt them. We will discuss them hereafter:

1. An additional provision to prevent the resignation of a member of the Legislature, pending an inquiry into his conduct by either house which may lead to his expulsion.

2. To so amend the provisions relating to appropriations for charitable and educational purposes which may be made by a majority vote, and such as require a two-thirds vote, into two exclusive budgets, in order that they may be relatively judged of and their gross amount be kept within proper bounds.

3. Supplies an omission to fix the power of commissioning judges of the supreme court and to fix the time for the beginning of their terms of office.

4. The third section of Art. 5., conferring jurisdiction upon the supreme court, is amended to enlarge the powers of the court.

4. Prohibits the erection of a judicial district from a single county with a population less than fifty thousand; prohibits the election of an additional law judge in such a district unless the population shall exceed seventy-five thousand; provides for special courts when necessary, and the abolition of existing separate districts where the population is less than fifty thousand and also where business does not require their continuance, after the expiration of the terms of judges now in commission therein. Business, not population, is made the basis of the distribution of the courts of the State.

6. Confirms the powers of associate judges in districts where that office is not abolished, and declares what constitutes a quorum in their absence.

7. Supplies express power to commission common pleas judges and fixes the time when their terms begin.

8. Strikes from the constitution the clause providing for a "limited vote" and intended to secure minority representation.

9. Provides that the salaries of judges may be increased but not diminished during their terms of office.

10. Supplies an omission of power on the part of courts to appoint under officers, etc.

11. Provides that "at the trial of a contested election of a senator or representative before a committee of either house, a judge of the supreme court, to be assigned thereto by the said court, shall preside, and shall decide questions regarding the admissibility of evidence, and shall, at the request of the committee, pronounce his opinion upon the questions of law involved in the trial.

12. Exempts from taxation property owned by colleges, academies and other institutions of learning not used for private gain and hospitals.

13. Strikes out of Sec. 8, Art. 9, phrase "at any one time," which is a surplusage capable of an inference contrary to the intent of the section, which is to limit the aggregate indebtedness a city may contract to ten per centum.

14. Provides for the payment of all fines and penalties by municipal officers into the county treasuries.

15. Strikes out Sec. 7, Art. 15, providing for the election of county commissioners and auditors upon the plan of a limited vote.

16. Strikes out the provision providing for cumulative voting in elections for directors or managers of corporations.

17. A verbal amendment of Sec. 5, Art. 16, to enable a foreign corporation to transact any necessary business not of a permanent nature, without establishing offices in the State.

18. Strikes out the last sentence of Sec. 10, Art. 16, as verbiage, and in conflict with section 7, article 3.

19. Amends Sec. 9, Art. 17, to prevent "the extension" of passenger railways within city limits without permission of the local authorities.

Excerpts and News Items from Exchanges.

Nickels are not so highly estimated in California as elsewhere. They boil 'em down and make fancy trunk nails of them.

"When aroused to action the Republican party will be found mighty, in the future as in the past." So will old cheese.

We have had Grant the "tanner," and Wilson the "shoemaker," and now we have the "last" of the Radical party.

The Democratic majority on the congressional vote in this State is 19,779—fifteen thousand more than on the State ticket. How is that for high?

At the present rate of "organizing" Legislatures it will take 75,600 soldiers to attend to the different State capitals, with 50,000 more at Washington to keep Congress straight.

Could there be a more appropriate expenditure of money than that designed by Mr. Colt, the inventor of the revolver? He proposes to build an orphan asylum.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* says that "of the fifteen daily newspapers and seven Sunday journals published in that city only two have attempted to bolster up the Louisana outrage.

It is said that Tom Scott has hit on a happy expedient to prevent holders of railroad passes transferring them to their friends. The photograph of the man to whom the pass is issued is to be printed on the back of it.

The advertising that Henry Ward Beecher received last year was worth twelve thousand dollars to Plymouth church—the pews sold for that much more this year than last.

"The will of the people is the law of the land," said Gen. Grant in 1869.—For the particulars as to the will of the people, see recent election returns. Now, then, for the application.

Zack Chandler, one of the most vindictive of Andrew Johnson's impeachers, is going out of the Senate just as Johnson comes in. A portion of Johnson's pleasure in returning is thus taken away.

"If labor is not degrading," asks a Michigan paper, "why is it that leading citizens always hire boys to carry in their coal?" Why, simply because the boy won't carry it in unless they are hired.

The *Ledger* shows, by a comparison of the prices of the staples of the country in the wholesale market in November 1859, 1864, and 1874, that the prices are nearly as low, and in some cases lower than they were before the war.

They want a Penitentiary in Washington. It is only necessary to wall in the city and appoint the guards, and the thing is finished and filled. It would be an easy matter to pardon out the few honest men enclosed by mistake.

The *Tribune* is inclined to believe that the Administration majority in Congress will "grab and run." This depends somewhat on the amount of property still on hand that is worth stealing. It is thought there is but little left.

It is understood that the President will send a special message to Congress at an early day, recommending a heavy appropriation for the improvement of the navigation of Salt River, the improvements to be completed early in the fall of 1876.

That is not a bad suggestion of Ben Butler, that the 3d of November should be declared a legal holiday. The late victory has made it a sort of political 4th of July, and the people expect to celebrate it annually, by repairing to the polls and doing likewise.

After the adoption of the constabulary system of education the next step in bureaucratic government will be the appointment of all teachers by the State, who will then be selected solely with reference to their ability to serve the party in power.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.4
Rye "	.9
Corn "	.7
Oats "	.5
Flour per barrel	8.0
Cloverseed	5.
Flaxseed	1.5
Butter	.35
Eggs	.2
Tallow	.8
Potatoes	.6
Dried Apples	.10
Hams	.1
Sides & Shoulders	.14
Lard per pound	.14
Hay per ton	15.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy seed	3.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$4.00 per Ton
No. 5 "	$3.25 " "
No. 6 "	$2.50 " "
Blacksmith's Lump on wharf	$4.00 " "
" Bituminous "	$6.00 " "

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAM MORRIS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Cutting, cleaning and repairing promptly attended to. First floor over J. F. Wideman's Hardware Store, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Will practice in all the courts of Columbia, Sullivan and Lycoming counties, in the Supreme court of Pennsylvania, and in the Circuit and District courts of the United States held at Williamsport, Pa.
Will be in his office in the Columbian building, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, on Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week; and in Benton on Mondays, Fridays and Saturdays, unless absent on professional business.

BRIDGE LETTINGS.

ONE wooden arch covered bridge to be located at a point in Locust township, over Roaringcreek, near S. Kostenbauder's, seventy-two feet long, two abutments eight feet high, each, wing walls North side twenty-five feet each, south side twelve feet each.

One wooden brace covered bridge, to be located at a point near Cherrington's Mill, over Roaringcreek, Roaringcreek township forty-five feet long, two abutments seven feet high, with wing walls, north side six and sixteen feet, south side twelve respectively.

We will meet at Yeager's hotel, in Slabtown, on Thursday February 25, 1875, between 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 p. m., to receive proposals to build said bridges. The contract will be for the building, filling &c., all complete. For plans and specifications inquire at our office.

Commissioners' Office
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Feb. 2, 1875.
WM. LAWTON, }
JNO. HERNER, } Com's of Col. Co.
JOHN ENT }
Wm. Krickbaum, Clerk.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA FROM JANUARY 1, 1874, TO JANUARY 1, 1875.

JOHN SNYDER, Esq., TREASURER.

DR.

1874.		
Jan. To Amount outstanding for 1873 and previous		13,909 73
" " from Wm. Lamon late Treasurer		2,799 07
" " County tax assessed for 1874		22,828 02
" " On registry of votes		49 78
" " Blind Tom rent court room	21 00	
" " Prussian Band do	12 00	
" " Caulin "	7 10	
" " Apple "	10 00	
" " Peak Family "	15 00	
" " Wm. Krickbaum, for Arbitration room	14 00	
" " B. F. Zarr, "	8 00	
" " B. F. Zarr, Jury fees	80 00	
" " John Herner, old plank, Slabtown	2 00	
" " John Herner, old plank, Mendenhall's	9 53	
" " A. H. Kitchen, old plank, Patterson's or Kline's	2 00	
" " Geo. Beagle, old plank, R. Wilson	1 50	
" " S. Hagenbuch, old plank &c., Orangeville	7 00	
" " Wm. McMichael old plank, Pursell's bridge	2 00	
" " C. M. Chamberlin, roof at jail	2 00	
" " D. Lowenberg, stone at court house	18 00	
" " B. House, tax, Ramsey's estate Mount	47	
" " Wm. Peteing, tax, Orange	27	
" " Jacob Breich, tax, Beaver	6 52	
" " " " " R. Creek	9 24	
" " D. Yetter, tract " Main	25 40	
" " Yetter & Kisse, tract tax Catawissa	12 95	
" " Jno. Falls, tract tax, Madison	3 52	
" " Locust Mt. C & Iron Co., Conyngham	92 36	
" " Norton Co., for bridge repair on county line	12 44	
" " J. J. Dull, on suit from Schuylkill county	127 45	
" " Schuylkill county, on suit from Schuylkill county	450 87	
" " L. A. Dewitt, refunded	3 00	
" " Redemption money, six tracts, Centralia	103 76	
" " Redemption money, S. Grover, Beaver	7 25	
" " Paid assessors and for blanks for dog fund	100 00	
" " Poor district for support of G. W. Fox	107 65	1,264 65
" " County tax on unseated lands	859 52	
" " Road " " " land	2,124 06	
" " School " " " land	2,425 39	
" " Poor " " " land	1,275 84	
" " Bounty " " " land	51 54	6,739 24
" " County " " seated land	85 42	
" " Road " " " land	98 34	
" " School " " " land	163 25	
" " Poor " " " land	39 64	
" " Bounty " " " land	1 91	388 56
		44,970 17

CR.

By tax uncollected of 1874:		
Beaver	57 42	
Benton	472 06	
Berwick	95 89	
Bloom	1,408 64	
Briarcreek	588 13	
Catawissa	281 93	
Centralia	314 75	
Centre	395 56	
Conyngham	1,936 13	
Fishingcreek	282 81	
Franklin	131 28	
Greenwood	432 32	
Hemlock	561 3	
Jackson	75 72	
Locust	393 55	
Madison	229 73	
Main	256 86	
Mifflin	318 71	
Montour	282 67	
Mt. Pleasant	192 2	
Orange	200 33	
Pine	135 24	
Roaringcreek	92 66	
Scott	612 47	
Sugarloaf	2 9 68	8,942 71
By tax uncollected for 1873:		
Benton	209 27	
Berwick	162 68	
Catawissa	1 00	
Conyngham	722 03	
Mifflin	225 85	
Orange	40 31	
Sugarloaf	29 37	1,400 49
		10,343 23
By county orders redeemed	32,034 47	
By commission allowed collectors	884 72	
By exonerations "	258 95	
By commission " treasurer	1,281 37	
By county tax to meet quota of State tax	156 11	
By amount in hands of Treasurer	31 32	34,625 94
		44,970 17

JOHN SNYDER, Esq., TREASURER OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, IN ACCOUNT WITH DOG FUND FOR 1874.

DR.

1874		
Jan. To Amount due at last settlement	704 06	
" " Amount assessed for 1874	1,516 5	
" " Amount due treasurer	232 56	2,452 62
By amount due on duplicates of 1874:		
Beaver	30 50	
Benton	47 50	
Berwick	27 00	
Bloom	84 50	
Briarcreek	37 00	
Catawissa	59 50	
Centralia	25 50	
Centre	67 50	
Conyngham	16 50	
Fishingcreek	80 00	
Franklin	4 00	
Greenwood	49 5	
Hemlock	69 50	
Jackson	21 00	
Locust	14 50	
Madison	84 00	
Main	34 50	
Mifflin	22 50	
Montour	36 5	
Mt. Pleasant	51 50	
Orange	54 81	
Pine	21 00	
Roaringcreek	11 50	
Scott	61 9	
Sugarloaf	52 0	1,113 31
Amount due in 1873		
Benton	17 50	
Berwick	16 50	
Conyngham	26 50	
Mifflin	17 00	
Orange	15 50	
Sugarloaf	56 50	1 9 50
		1,232 81
By amount due Treasurer at last settlement	65 91	
By orders paid of 1869	6 0	
" " " " 1872	26 50	
" " " " 1873	73 25	
" " " " 1874	14 6	
By amount paid assessors, blanks, &c	190 00	
By commission allowed collectors	55 37	
By exonerations "	97 50	
By commission " treasurer	41 48	1,219 81
		2,452 62

COMMISSIONERS' EXPENSES FOR 1874.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Paid Wm. H. Snyder, Teachers' Institute	158 48	
Paid Wm. H. Snyder, Teachers' Institute	106 88	
Paid Robert F. Clark, Conyngham vs. Columbia county	50 00	
Paid Aaron Smith, taking Geo. Snyder to E. Penitentiary	54 50	
Paid M. Grover, taking Thomas and Ingold to E. Penitentiary	61 85	
Paid to M. E. Jackson, balance Militia fund	50 00	
Paid Jas. Buckalow, force pump and fixtures, court house	135 74	
Paid Wm. Shaffer, expenses self and clerk to Wilkes-barre	7 65	
Paid B. F. Zarr, Prothonotary's bill	141 20	768 31

COURT JURORS PAY AND CONSTABLE RETURNS, &C.

Paid Grand jurors during the year	782 49	
" Traverse " " " "	3,406 18	
" Constables returns to session year	271 66	
Paid tip staves during the year	292 25	
Paid court crier " " "	150 00	
Paid jury commissioners and clerk	66 47	
Paid firemen during court	62 25	
Paid [illegible] for court and attorneys	15 0	4,961 39

COSTS IN COMMONWEALTH CASES.

Paid Com. vs. Mastaller et al.	75 62	
" " " Ellen Andrews	25 4	
" " " M. C. Woodward	17 02	
" " " —McPherson	2 25	
" " " Charles Jones	3 71	
" " " A. S. Crossley et al.	4 15	
" " " Nathan Cromise	6 75	
" " " Levi Kinley	58 16	
" " " G. H. Mellick et al	22 3	
" " " Wm. Tyson	32 74	
" " " Geo. Snyder	50 27	
" " " —Butterfield	24 25	
" " " Wm. Cadogan	2 60	
" " " Jacob Chamberlin	29 44	
" " " Gid. Biddle	14 50	
" " " —McBreart	10 69	
" " " Sharpless Grover	10 00	
" " " J. J. Coughlin	18 44	
" " " Chas. Foster	18 00	
" " " —Henwood	5 65	
" " " S. R. Thomas	11 45	
Paid R. H. Ringler, clerk of sessions, 1873	8 25	
Paid B F Zarr, clerk of sessions	73 45	
Paid Jas Bryson, District Attorney	76 00	564 72

ROAD AND BRIDGE VIEWS AND ROAD DAMAGES.

Paid sundry persons road and bridge views	278 30	
Paid E. Dreibelbis Mt. Pleasant	20 00	
" Isaac Hencock Greenwood	15 0	
" John R. Eves Greenwood	30 00	
" George Zarr Catawissa	250 00	
" Geo P. Miller's estate, Centre	117 00	
" Isaac Hess Centre	52 50	
" Daniel Poust, Jackson	15 00	
" William Miller, Centre	20 0	
" Moses Hower Catawissa	10 00	
" Henry Pfahler, Catawissa	5 00	
" Francis Evans, Montour	100 00	
" Aaron Boone, Scott	120 00	
" Joseph Pohe, Centre	185 50	
" A. F. Kester Madison	30 00	
" Jacob Chamberlin, Pine and Madison	15 00	
" Henry Mather, Greenwood	25 00	
" F. F. Mellcrer, Catawissa	20 0	
" Catharine Zigler, Mt Pleasant	48 00	
" Wm Reece Greenwood	150 00	1,688 30

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE AND COURT HOUSE.

Paid county auditors and clerk stating account	79 00	
Paid Peter Jones, files for Prothonotary	1 25	
Paid Thomas Gorey, lock for Recorder's office	2 50	
Paid M F Eyerly, auditing public account	30 00	
Paid N. J. Hendershott, 2 lamp tops	70	
Paid Wideman & Miller, pump for cistern	10 65	
Paid Daniel Moffly, 4 cord [illegible]	7 50	
Paid Mayer Bros, 1 dozen lamp chimneys	1 25	
Paid Hendershott & Mason, coal	9 87	
" J. J. Robbins, "	4 12	
" Isaiah Hagenbuch, repair, court house	4 80	
Paid Thomas Gorey, 1 door spring	2 60	
Paid Wm. R. Sterner, brick at court house	3 12	
Paid Wm. C. McKinney, dry good box	1 00	
Paid I. W. Hartman, seed court house yard	1 65	
Paid J. J. Brower, repairs court house yard	2 00	
Paid Bloomsburg Lumber company, bills rendered, court room	58 53	
Paid J. M. Chamberlin repair to clock	70	
Paid Peter Jones, et al material and work court house	42 05	
Paid O. A. Jacoby, stone, court house yard	5 56	
Paid Hassert, Girton, et al work and material	3 27	
Paid V. Hileman, lumber for cistern floor	4 56	
Paid Thatcher & Gearhart, gas fixtures, &c., on account	400 00	
Paid Peter Jones work at court house yard	6 25	
Paid Peter Jones, work at court room	15 00	
Paid J. R. Girton, et al. bill rendered	52	
Paid H. C. Hartman, carpets, &c. court house	257 58	
Paid Isaiah Hagenbuch, bill rendered	27 74	
Paid E. Mendenhall, lumber at court house	21 46	
Paid D. Lowenberg, covering for court room doors	15 62	
Paid Mayer Bros., paints and oil, court room	144 48	
Paid Isaiah Hagenbuch [illegible] court house	101 25	
Paid [illegible], straps for Prothonotary	2 25	
Paid A. W. Mentzer, painting court room	152 50	
Paid Hendershott, Brown & Nuss, bill rendered	23 86	
Paid sundry persons bill for court house and room	31 03	
Paid Mayer Bros., paint and oil court house	124 81	
Paid Mayer Bros., glass for clock faces	117 98	
Paid Wm. Ritter, painting court house	49 52	
Paid Peter Jones, et al. bill court house	8 16	
Paid John S. Sterner, putting glass on clock	38 00	
Paid J. H. [illegible], et al. bill rendered	3 89	
Paid R. B. Menagh, painting court room on account	125 00	
Paid S. H. Miller & Son, bills rendered	17 34	
Paid Daniel Miller, painting court house	45 69	
Paid John R. Girton, work at court house	64 50	
Paid H. W. Miller, " " " house	32 95	
Paid S. H. Jacoby, work at court house yard	11 75	
Paid Mrs. Ingold, cleaning court house	31 60	
Paid Wm Shaffer, commissioner	338 00	
" " expenses holding appeals	2' 00	
Paid Wm. Lawton commissioner	274 00	
" " expenses holding appeals	14 00	
Paid John Herner, commissioner	276 00	
" " expenses holding appeals	10 00	
Paid Wm. Krickbaum, clerk	650 00	
" " copying registry books, &c.	170 00	
Paid John G. Freeze, Attorney and Counsel	100 00	3,915 15

COUNTY JAIL.

Paid J. R. Evans, medical bill	20 7	
" S. R. Thomas, smithing bill	2 00	
" Peter Jones, lumber and work jail porch	23 62	
Paid Hendershott & Mason, coal	9 00	
" Geo. Hassert, repair at locks	2 0	
" Michael Walter, work at cistern	3 00	
Paid Henry [illegible], 100 pounds iron	2 50	
" Wm. M. Irvin & Sons, et al., 205 lb. plates, jail	18 00	
Paid M. Grover, 2 shirts	2 75	
" Isaiah Hagenbuch, spouting	14 27	
" Geo. Hassert fixing jail cells	27 00	
" M. Millard, hauling dirt, &c.	5 75	
" Mendenhall, Jones et al. material, &c.	131 67	
Paid Mrs. Ingold, washing clothes	1 00	
" H. W. Miller [illegible]	22 75	
" Jones and Shaffer, kitchen to jail	242 50	
" E. J. Thornton, papering Sheriff's house	1 71	
Paid Kesty, Bodine et al. bill rendered	8 63	
Paid Thomas E. Geddis bill rendered	23 53	
Paid Peter Jones, bill rendered	19 22	
Paid S. H. Jacoby laying walks, &c.	26 00	
" S. R. Thomas, smith bill	20 00	
" Jones & Shaffer, bill at jail kitchen	24 78	
Paid H. W. Miller, work at jail	10 50	
" Isaiah Hagenbuch, stove repair, &c.	6 10	
Paid Clinton Robbins 4 blankets	12 25	
" E. Mendenhall lumber	9 33	
" Bloomsburg Lumber Co., lumber	7 26	
Paid S. H. Miller et al., and Son, bedding, &c.	11 25	
Paid J. F. Wideman & Co., et al., bill rendered	5 25	
Paid Peter Jones work	1 2	
" C. M. Chamberlin pump repaired	1 50	
Paid Peter Jones for hen house	6 41	
" Aaron Smith boarding prisoners, 1873		

Jacob Fisher	21 days
Timothy Thomas	69 "
Chas. Hassard	16 "
Isaiah Beers	6 "
Ellis Bogart	22 "
David Shay	17 "
Isaiah Beers	51 "
Elias Hower	12 "
Thos. Shannan	1 "
Geo. Snyder	121 "
Chas. Hassard	14 "
N. Balliett	20 "
Jos. Vanakle	54 "
C. W. Stout	128 "
Michael Murphy	1 "
J. J. Coughlin	51 "
Eliz. Andrews	21 "
Benj. Brooks	5 "
—— Albertson	21 "
W. Morris	3 "
Robt. McPherson	69 "
Pat. Delany	34 "
John Brosler	6 "
Daniel Hall	15 "

at 41 cts 777 — 321 80 — 1147 74

Turnkey fees eleven dollars

STATIONARY POSTAGE AND PRINTING.

Paid Sundry persons as per bills rendered for stationary for court and office	78 56	
Paid D. A. Beckley stamps and postage	19 79	
Paid [illegible] Printing and advertising	503 59	
Paid E. M. Wardin Printing and advertising	2 8 70	
Paid C. M. Vanderslice Printing and advertising	59 5	919 6

INQUISITIONS.

Paid C. G. Murphy on body of M. Lenahan Centralia	21 44	
Paid C. G. Murphy on body of Thos. Dougherty Conyngham	13 52	
Paid C. G. Murphy on body of J. [illegible] Conyngham	12 65	
Paid Wm. L. Simmons on body of 2 unknown persons	11 80	
Paid H. J. Reeder on body of G. Gering Catawissa	10 27	
Paid J. J. Brower on body of M. Hickey Bloom	10 62	
Paid Lachell and McNinch [illegible] on M. Lenahan	50 00	120 09

BRIDGE BUILDING AND REPAIRS.

BEAVER TOWNSHIP.

Paid King Iron Bridge Co. contract at Davis'	1230 00
Paid John P. Walter contract stone work at Davis'	285 00

BENTON TOWNSHIP.

Paid Eli Mendenhall Benton bridge	17 21
" J. W. Ells Kimbles'	2 00

BLOOM AND ADJOINING TOWNSHIPS.

Paid S. H. Jacoby et al., abutment Rupert	6 00
Paid Miller, Wanick et al., repair Rupert	6 50
Paid Peter Jones repairs Barton's	5 75
" H. W. Miller " "	1 00
" Peter Jones work and material Rocks	97 05
Paid J. F. Wideman nails Rock's	2 40
" Geo. Greenly weather boards Rock's	16 20
Paid J. K. Grotz cutting rock's	125 00
Paid Geo. Greenly weather boards Shaffers	10 80
Paid Peter Jones repairs Shaffers	15 75
" John Wanick " "	51

BRIARCREEK TOWNSHIP.

Paid J. W. Eck et al., repairs Eck's	52 24
" E. Dotterer " [illegible]	5 35
" Jos. Whitmire et al., "	14 50

CATAWISSA TOWNSHIP.

Paid H. J. Reeder repair M. of Creek	9 04
" John Herner plank "	2 00
" H. J. Reeder repair McKelvy's mills	1 74
" Daniel Helwig plank "	11 29

CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

Paid Jas. Whitmire et al., repairs Fowler's	14 25

CONYNGHAM TOWNSHIP.

Paid John L. Kline repair valley	55 45

FISHINGCREEK TOWNSHIP.

Paid Moses McHenry repair Stillwater	2 50
" Jonas Zaners " Zaner's	3 00
" C. B. & P. McHenry plank "	11 01
" Wm. Eveland rebuilding "	88 61
" " " repair Dean	6 93
" Wm. Mears " Jones	5 00

FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP

Paid C. Mendenhall plank Mendenhall	61 72
" C. L. Arney flooring "	11 45

GREENWOOD TOWNSHIP.

Paid Chandler Eves contract balance, Henry's	299 30
" M. & J. Lundy repair Lola	1 84
" Wm. L. Manning et al. repair Masters	42 26
" S. Albertson repair Rohrsburg	1 87
" Wm. S. Manning et al., contract Greenly's	682 00
Paid Ira D. Kline et al., siding Greenly	22 51

HEMLOCK TOWNSHIP.

Paid J. F. Dodson et al., repair Pursell's	2 71

LOCUST TOWNSHIP.

Paid N. Kostenbauder repair Furnace	48
" King Iron B. Co., contract Slabtown	1375 00
" J. Bachman contract walls Slabtown	456 42
" " wingwalls Slabtown	75 79
" Daniel Helwig repair Slabtown	6 0
" R. [illegible] repair Slabtown	3 01
" Benj. Wagner repair Slabtown	3 00
" M. E. Walter repair Co. Line Walters	24 88
" A. J. Knoble contract Wagner	568 93

MAIN TOWNSHIP.

Paid John M. Nuss filling Mainville	24 30
" John M. Nuss timbers Mainville	18 00

MT. PLEASANT TOWNSHIP.

Paid M. Kindt repair Wilson's	1 50
" M. Kindt repairs Saint's	1 50
" John Jordan repairs Wilson's	2 63
" John Leggett shingles Wanick's	137 75
" Peter Jones work &c., Wanick's	31 25
" John Wanick repair Wanick's	60
" J. V. Whitenight filling P. House	127 75
" Jas. Decker et al., filling P. House	61 55
" J. C. Brown for measuring P. House	7 50

ORANGE TOWNSHIP.

Paid A. H. Kitchen & Snyder repair Bowman's	5 65
" R. B. Kline et al., rebuilding Kline's	87 92
" Peter Ent plank Kline's	14 00
" L. Runyan iron above Orangeville	8 77
" D. Savage et al., Lumber & work above Orangeville	148 55
" C. P. & D. McHenry plank	11 12
" R. B. Kline et al. repair above Orangeville	58 50

PINE TOWNSHIP.

Paid Geo. W. Derr et al., repair Shoemaker's	19 03
" Jacob Shoemaker Lumber Shoemaker's	24 84

SCOTT.

Paid S. H. Jacoby et al. repair Espy	85 40
" B. C. Johnson repair Lt. St.	4 50

SUGARLOAF TOWNSHIP.

Paid Alinas Cole repair Colescreek	6 28	
" J. B. Hess repair Hess'	64 58	
" S. H. Jacoby barrel coal tar delivered	5 00	7655 67

PENITENTIARY AND ASYLUM.

Paid Support of David Shay Danville	172 04	
" " " L. H. Melton " Danville	161 95	
" " " G. W. Fox " Danville	107 65	
" Support convicts E. Penitentiary	196 57	638 17

ASSESSORS PAY.

Paid James T. Fox et al. making the spring assessments and the Registry of voters during the year	779 50	779 50

FOX SCALPS.

Paid Sundry person during the year	97 90	97 90

ELECTION EXPENSES.

Paid Constables attending elections	231 75	
" Judges and election officers spring election	255 68	
" " " " fall election	433 81	
" Room Rent &c spring election	46 59	
" " " " fall "	148 25	
" For Laws blanks in part &c.	41 85	1157 92

TAXES REFUNDED.

Amount refunded during the year	7314 27	7314 27

BLANK BOOKS.

Paid For books for the offices during the year	297 37	297 37

RECAPITULATION.

Miscellaneous expenses	768 31	
Courts, Juror's pay and constables returns	4961 39	
Costs in Commonwealth cases	564 72	
R. & B. views and road damages	1688 30	
Commissioners office and Court House	3915 15	
County Jail	1147 74	
Stationery, Postage and Printing	919 06	
Inquisitions	130 [illegible]	
Bridge building and repairs	7655 67	
Penitentiary and Asylum	638 17	
Assessors pay	779 50	
Fox Scalps	97 90	
Election expenses	1157 92	
Taxes refunded	731 27	
Blank Books	297 37	32 034 47

AMOUNT OF ORDERS ISSUED.

Deduct from amount of orders issued, [illegible] support of G. W. Fox and [illegible] refunded by Schuylkill Co. for jury expenses and $731.27 Taxes refunded, leaves [illegible] actual expenses for the year.

SHEEP ORDERS ISSUED.

Benton	115 75	
Catawissa	[illegible]	
Centre	[illegible]	
Fishingcreek	[illegible]	
Franklin	[illegible]	
Greenwood	105 00	
Hemlock	56 5	
Jackson	67 75	
Locust	[illegible]	
Madison	[illegible]	
Main	[illegible]	
Mifflin	[illegible]	
Montour	[illegible]	
Mt. Pleasant	34 50	
Orange	[illegible]	
Pine	31 10	
Scott	7 00	
Sugar Loaf	22 50	
Total Amount		$1448 00

STATEMENT OF DOG TAX.

Orders of 1869 unpaid	6 0	
" " 1872 "	15 00	
" " 1873 "	7 00	
" " 1874 "	[illegible]	
Amount overpaid and due treasurer	232 56	
	[illegible]	
Tax uncollected	$1,1[illegible]	
Prob. com. and ex. on.	1,082 84	
Excess of damages of said funds	631 25	

This leaves the sheep fund [illegible] in arrears.

This leaves the dog fund [illegible] more in arrears than it was one year ago.

The amount of sheep damage in [illegible] is greater than for any one previous year.

COUNTY FINANCES.

ASSETS.

Taxes due and uncollected	10,343 23	
Probable commission and expenses off	1,550 00	
	8,793 23	
Add amount in hands of treasurer	31 32	
Add note of Sara Hower for Slabtown bridge	125 60	
Total Assets		$9,100 15

LIABILITIES.

Taxes and redemption money held by county, unsettled for, about	1200 84	
Road damages assessed and due or becoming due (estimated)	1000 00	
Thatcher & Gearhart balance on gas bill	10 28	
Aaron Smith sheriff's bill	1 8	
Michael Grover "	155 06	
Commonwealth costs (estimated)	25 00	
Bridge repairs unpaid "	100 00	
Due Sullivan county, Jury bill, in extradition from this county	230 68	
Due Bloomsburg gas company	31 0	$2384 1
Real assets January 1st 1875		$6716 14

We the undersigned, Commissioners of Columbia county, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct statement of the accounts of said county for the year A. D. 1874.

WILLIAM LAWTON,
JOHN HERNER,
JOHN ENT,
Commissioners.

Attest: Wm. Krickbaum, Clerk.

We the undersigned Auditors of Columbia county having been duly elected to adjust and settle the accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of Columbia county do hereby certify that we met at the office of the Treasurer and Commissioners in Bloomsburg and carefully examined the accounts and vouchers of the same from the first day of January A. D. 1874, to the first day of January, 1875 and find them correct in the foregoing statement and we find a balance due Columbia county on county taxes of thirty-one dollars and thirty-two cents ($31.32) from John Snyder, Treasurer of said county and a balance due the Treasurer on Dog Tax of two hundred and thirty-two dollars and six cents ($232.06).

Given under our hands this seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy five.

U. J. CAMPBELL, }
S. E. SMITH, } County Auditors.
DAVID YOST, }

REPORT of the County Auditors to the Auditor General, John Snyder, Esq., Treasurer of Columbia County, in account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

DR.

1874. *Tax on Personal Property.*		
Quota fixed for 1874	$1941,90	$1941,90
Tax on Bank Stock.		
To amt. assessed and returned for 1874.	375,00	375,00
Eating House License.		
To amt. received during the year	220,00	220,00
Tavern and Liquor Store License.		
To amt. received during the year	910,00	910,00
Retailers License.		
To amt. returned by Mer. Appraiser	18 37,00	
" Additional received	12,25	1,849,25
Circus License.		
To amt. received	100 00	100 00

CR.

1874.		
By State Treasurer's receipts dated August 1st,	1826,37	
" Commission for collecting	97,09	
" Commission allowed Treasurer,	18,44	1941,90
" State Treas. receipt dated Aug. 1st	352,69	
" Commission allowed Collectors	18,75	
Commission allowed Treasurer	3,56	375,00
By State Treas. receipts, dated April 1st and July 2nd	209,00	
Commission allowed Treasurer	11,00	220,00
" State Treas. receipts, dated April 1st and July 2nd	864,50	
" Commission allowed Treasurer,	45,50	910,00
By State Treas. receipts, dated July and Oct. 1874	1729,06	
" Printers receipts, three,	61,70	
" Treasurers Com. on $1 000,	50,00	
" " " $849.25	8,49	1849,25
By State Treasurers receipt, Oct. 6th	95,00	
" Commission allowed Treasurer	5.00	100 00

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Columbia County, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that in pursuance of the 47th Section of the Act entitled "An Act relating to counties, townships, &c.," passed the 15th day of April, 1834, we met at the Commissioners office in the county of Columbia, on the 4th day of Jan. 1875, and did audit, adjust and settle the several accounts required of us by law, agreeably to the several Acts of Assembly and Supplements thereto, according to the best of our judgment and abilities. In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, at the office aforesaid, this seventh day of January 1875.

U. J. CAMPBELL, [Seal.]
S. E. SMITH, [Seal.]
DAVID YOST, [Seal.]
County Auditors.

LICENSE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given the following named persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions their petitions for Tavern, Eating House and Liquor Store Licenses, which will be presented to the Court on Monday February 22, 1875:

S. H. Hagenbuch, Orangeville, Hotel.

B. FRANK ZARR,
Clerk Quarter Sessions.

STATEMENT.

SHOWING the amount of indebtedness, the amount of assets, &c. of the Town of Bloomsburg; prepared and published by the Town Council of said Town, in accordance with the requirements of the sixth section of the Act of Assembly of May 23rd, 1874, entitled, "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof."

INDEBTEDNESS.

Funded debt, viz:		
Bond No. 1, dated Nov. 3, 1873, due Oct. 1, 1875, with interest from Oct. 1, 1873, payable semi-annually, redeemable at the option of the Town, after April 1, 1874	570.00	
Interest on the same from Oct. 1, 1874, (up to which time the interest has been paid) to Jan. 27, 1875	9.66	
Bond No. 2, [illegible]	500.00	
Interest on the same [illegible] to Jan. 27, 1875	9.66	
Bond No. 3, [illegible]	500.00	
Interest on the same [illegible] to Jan. 27, 1875	9.66	
Bond No. 4, dated Nov. 3, 1874, due Oct. 1, 1877, [illegible]	500.00	
Interest on the same from Oct. 1, 1874, (up to which time the interest has been paid) to Jan. 27, 1875	9.66	
Certificates of indebtedness to D. Stroup, issued for debt contracted by Bloom Borough previously to the Act of incorporation; now due and payable	1,576.67	
Interest on the same from Sep. 26, 1874, (up to which time the interest has been paid) to Jan. 27, 1875	20.61	
Floating debt, viz:		
Amount of orders outstanding	1,678.81	
Amount due sundry persons on book account	100.76	
Damages arising from the widening of Market street, being balance unpaid, to wit:		
Amount due January 1, 1875	[illegible]	
" " January 1, 1876	[illegible]	
Interest on said damages from time of confirmation to Jan. 27, 1875	71.71	
Damages arising from widening of Centre street, being balance unpaid, to wit:		
Amount due Aug. 1, 1875	[illegible]	
" " Dec. 1, 1875	[illegible]	
" " Aug. 1, 1876	[illegible]	
" " Dec. 1, 1876	[illegible]	
Interest on the same from time of confirmation to Jan. 27, 1875	[illegible]	
Total		10641.25

ASSETS.

Amount taxes uncollected for the year 1875, on duplicate in hands of [illegible]	121.00
Amount taxes uncollected for the year 1874, on duplicate in hands of M. Wynkoop, collector	487.50
Cash in hands of W. R. Koons, Treasurer, less his commissions and fees	226.92
Fines, in the hands of D. Lowenberg, President of Council	[illegible]
License, in the hands of D. Lowenberg, President of Council	[illegible]
Outstanding solvent debts, to wit: Due from sundry persons on book account	154.83
Due from sundry persons, on account of contributions on Market street opening	[illegible]
From sundry persons, on Centre street opening	[illegible]
From sundry persons, on Fourth street opening	[illegible]
Total	1,773.9

VALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Lands, to wit:	
Farm	[illegible]
Suburban	[illegible]
Building	[illegible]
Personal property	[illegible]
Add Trades and occupations	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]
Number of dogs, 166.	

DAVID LOWENBERG,
President of Council.
WESLEY WIRT, Secretary.
Bloomsburg, January 29, 1875.

FREE SAMPLES to Agents. Ladies' Combination Needle-book, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & CO., New Bedford, Mass.

SOMETHING FOR YOU. [illegible] Address, F. O. HURST, [illegible] Street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED for the fastest selling book ever published. Send for specimen pages and our extra terms to Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FOR
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS,
And all Throat Diseases,
USE
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.
Sold by Druggists.

SHORT POSTPONEMENT—DAY FIXED—FULL DISTRIBUTION.
First Grand Gift Concert.
Montpelier Female Humane Association
AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.
MARCH 29, 1875.
LIST OF GIFTS.
[illegible]
22,175 Cash Gifts, amounting to $1,000,000
Number of Tickets, 100,000.
PRICE OF TICKETS.
[illegible]
The Montpelier Female Humane Association, chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Orange Co., proposes by a Grand Gift Concert to establish and endow a "Home for the Old, Infirm and Destitute Ladies of Virginia," at Montpelier, the former residence of President James Madison.
Governor's Office, Richmond, July 3, 1874. [illegible] JAMES L. KEMPER, Gov. Virginia.
[illegible] Address, HON. JAMES BARBOUR, Pres't M. F. H. A., Alexandria, Va.
Reliable agents wanted.

HAVE YOU TRIED
JURUBEBA
ARE YOU
WEAK, NERVOUS, OR DEBILITATED?
[illegible]
For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

EMPLOYMENT.
SAMPLES AND A COMPLETE OUTFIT SENT FREE [illegible] Address, F. J. HALL & CO., 6 N. HOWARD STREET, Baltimore, Md.

TRY THE CHRISTIAN, a large live, family paper [illegible] Arch street, Phila., Pa.

BUSINESS for 1875 New Brass article, stores, etc. Profitable [illegible] MANN & CO., 22 N. Howard Street, Baltimore, Md. Jan. 8, '75-4w

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1875.

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Mail Train	10,25 A. M.	5,12 P. M.
Express Train	5,43 P. M.	12,32 P. M.
Accommodation Train	5,50 A. M.	7,41 P. M.

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6,28 A. M.	7,30 P. M.
Regular Express	3,28 P. M.	11,33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

All subscribers should bear in mind that printers are now compelled to pay cash for everything they use in their business and that it is impossible for them to carry the indebtedness of a large number of subscribers from year to year, as could formerly be done when stock and wages were low and long credits could readily be obtained. Every subscriber should therefore be sure to pay at least once a year. The date printed on the paper with the subscriber's name shows the time to which each has paid.

We will furnish the GALAXY (a first class four dollar magazine) and the COLUMBIAN to subscribers, both postage paid, for five dollars per year in advance.

The LADY'S BOOK, with the beautiful Chromo "The Rescue," and the COLUMBIAN, all postage paid, will be furnished at $4.25 per year in advance. tf.

JOB PRINTING.

The statement of certain parties in Bloomsburg that they do some descriptions of Printing cheaper than it can be obtained at the Columbian office is untrue. Our facilities being greatly superior we are enabled to do any work in superior style and fully as cheap as it can be obtained anywhere. Come and see.

St. Valentine's day, February 14th, falls on Sunday this year.

Sleighing never was finer than it is now and the bells are ringing merrily around us.

A protracted meeting is in progress at the Baptist church in this place. Rev. J. P. Tustin is assisted by Rev. W. Kaudl of Berwick.

Our Bloomsburg readers are again reminded that we have a new carrier and that if any subscribers do not receive their papers it is because he has accidently missed them.

Chief of Police Woodward made the following arrests during the past month, viz: three on warrant, eight for drunkenness, and one for fast driving, the latter having been fined $2,00 and costs.

Parties have been driving upon the ice on the river, from place to place this winter. It has been so long back since this could be done with safety that it can only be remembered by some of the oldest inhabitants.

Joseph Ingher, residing in Hemlock township, was chopping wood about tree weeks ago, when his axe glanced and cut his leg badly above the ankle, dividing the tendons and blood vessels. He has recovered sufficiently to be removed to his house. The leg will be restored to its normal condition as soon as the tendons heal completely. Dr. Evans attended him.

Rev. J. L. Pinney, LL. D. will lecture on Africa, in the Presbyterian Church, Bloomsburg, on Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock, p. m. The lecturer comes with the highest recommendations and the lecture embraces the geography, explorations, the progress of modern Christian civilization, &c., and is said to be exceedingly interesting. This is a rare opportunity to obtain as intelligent and reliable idea of the condition of Africa in all its phases.

On Thursday about noon as Mr. John Kline, of Benton, was passing Brown's Hotel, in Bloomsburg, a board blew from the roof of the hotel and the end of it struck him on the left cheek, including the eye, and knocked him senseless. It was near a half an hour before reaction took place and his senses returned. Dr. Turner dressed the wound, and at this writing the patient is doing well, though he complains of severe pain in the left shoulder and arm.

The Supervisors of this township are having "Guide Boards" erected at all the principle road crossings. This is a move in the right direction as well as complying with the requirements of the law. We trust other Townships will obey the law in this respect.—*Benton Weekly.*

There is a law imposing a personal penalty upon Supervisors for not putting up guide boards at road crossings, and it is the duty of the Constables to report any neglect in every Court. That law should be every where enforced.

The lovers of cold weather were gratified on Tuesday morning last, as the sun shone out brightly and Coon, Ground Hog & Co. quickly returned to their holes. While we have not unbounded confidence in the accuracy of human knowledge about the quality of future weather, we are yet more skeptical as to whether coons and Ground Hogs know more about it than people do. But however that may be, the prophetic animals certainly clearly saw their shadows on Tuesday morning and if that indication is unerring we are to have at least six weeks more of hard winter.

We invite attention to the annual statement of the Commissioners and Auditors. The statement is very full and explicit, and if a dollar has been improperly expended the intelligent reader can see it. Persons who have been making or insinuating general charges of extravagance or other improper expenditure are challenged by this plain and full statement to make them good or abandon them. Let all give the statement careful attention. As it is published in both the leading party papers of the county it is apparent that there is no effort at concealment.

"Coasting" is fine fun and exhilarating exercise for boys, but is a little too likely to be practiced at dangerous places. On the 27th inst., a son of R. H. Ringler, Esq. and another lad were indulging in the sport at the hill on 3d street, below West, when they ran into a horse passing along Railroad street. Young Ringler sustained severe injuries, the outer layer of the skull being slightly fractured, which was followed by a copious discharge of blood. His wound was dressed by Dr. Evans and he is rapidly recovering. The other lad was painfully but not seriously hurt. Coasting at such dangerous points ought to be prohibited by the authorities.

The people of Bloomsburg, and we believe pretty much every other town, are much annoyed with traveling beggars commonly called TRAMPS. Some of these are no doubt deserving, while others are impudent rascals. But so numerous have these tramps become that to give a meal to every one who applies is a tax that is hard to bear, yet it is cruel in many cases at least to turn them off without relieving their present wants. We observe that some towns meet the difficulty by establishing soup houses, where all who come are fed. This has been done in Sunbury by the Overseers of the Poor, with the consent of Councils, and the Chief Burgess invites the citizens to contribute vegetables or other eatables. The Burgess continues:

> The provisions for the needy being made as above stated, it now becomes the duty of the peace officers, especially those entrusted with the issuing of warrants and serving them, to see that the scallawags now lounging about our streets annoying our citizens, be driven out of town. Tramps must leave. The moment they cease seeking labor they become vagrants, and liable to arrest as such. Purdon's Digest, page 1453, Sec. 1, "All persons going about from door to door, or placing themselves in streets, highways or other roads, to beg or gather alms, and all other persons wandering abroad and begging," are vagrants. Also, "All persons who shall come from any place within this Commonwealth to any place within it, and shall be loitering or residing therein and shall follow no labor, trade, occupation or business, and have no visible means of subsistance, it shall and may be lawful for any justice of the peace of the county to commit such offenders, on conviction, to the workhouse or common jail of the county, there to be kept at hard labor," &c.

The plan is a good one and similar arrangements should be made in all towns.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The February term of court convened on Monday morning, February 1st, at 10 o'clock a. m. His honor, William Elwell, President and Iram Derr and Isaac S. Monroe, Associates, on the bench. The court appointed Geo. W. Foster, John K. Girton and N. R. Fowler tip staves for the first week, and Michael Walter and Isaac McBride for second week. His honor charged the grand jury in his usual able and instructive manner. Returns of the constables were then presented.

Joseph Claywell vs. the D. H. & W. R. R. Co. Judgment by consent for $459.

Commonwealth vs. H. Marteny. Costs paid by defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Margaret Gunning. Not a true bill and Elizabeth C. Cary, the prosecutrix, pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Bogert. Selling liquor on Sunday. Verdict guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Peter J. Lantz. Embezzlement, true bill.

Commonwealth vs. Esther Bangs. Recognizance of defendant and H. W. Bangs in $600 for appearance of defendant at next session.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Beagle. Recognizance of defendant and George Beagle in $600 for appearance of defendant at next session.

In the estate of C. Fisher, Auditor's report on exceptions confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Maria Kauff. Auditor's report making distribution confirmed nisi.

Catherine Butler vs. Catherine Kavanaugh. Return of inquisition confirmed nisi.

Petition of Hulda R. Weaver's minors for guardian presented and Sanderson F. Weaver appointed guardian. Bond in $200 each. I. K. Krickbaum approved as security.

In the estate of Ashel Fowler, deceased. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Jno. Knittle, deceased. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Geo. Longenberger, deceased. Citation awarded.

Stephen Thomas vs. Seth B. Bowman. Judgment for want of affidavit of defense.

Commonwealth vs. Harrison M. Saylor. Recognizance and Hiram Trousen's forfeited in open court.

Commonwealth exere Winaford Kelly vs. S. J. Faux. Habeas Corpus case, called and heard. This was a writ to obtain the possession of the body of the wife of O. B. Melick brought by her parents. Decided that the parents take the custody their child and the county pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Peter J. Lantz. Embezzlement. C. R. & W. J. Buckalew for prosecution, Jackson, E. H. & R. R. Little for defendant. This was an action for the embezzlement of funds by the collector of the school district of Mifflin township. Verdict not guilty but pay the costs.

Road in Centre township near George Kelchner's heirs' lands. Petition for review filed by leave of court. Reviewers to be appointed in case exceptions are not sustained.

Road in Beaver township near Glen City. Reports of viewers confirmed nisi and road fixed at 50 feet.

Road in Mt. Pleasant near Mathias Shaffer's. Report of viewers vacating old road and laying out new road confirmed nisi and width fixed at 33 feet.

Road in Jackson and Pine townships near B. F. Fritz. Order continued.

On motion the court appointed John G. Freeze, A. C. Smith and E. R. Ikeler, a committee to examine C. B. Jackson for admission to the bar of Columbia county.

Road in Greenwood township, near William Lawton's. Report of viewers against a road confirmed nisi.

Road in Scott township, near Bloomsburg.—Report of viewers against a road confirmed nisi.

Commonwealth vs Gideon G. Hosler. Selling liquor to minors. A true bill.

Commonwealth vs Gideon G. Hosler. Selling liquor on Sunday. A true bill.

On motion of C. G. Barkley, esq., Charles Pike was admitted to practice in the several courts of the county.

On report of John G. Freeze, A. C. Smith and E. R. Ikeler, examining committee, Charles B. Jackson was admitted to practice as an attorney in the several courts of Columbia county.

Commonwealth vs A. W. Eaton. Selling liquors to minors, selling liquor without license and keeping a gambling house. Three true bills found on above charges; also, one for selling on Sunday.

Commonwealth vs. Leonard Shipman. Fornication and Bastardy. True bill.

Petition of Joseph Eves', minor children for guardian. Jos. W. Eves appointed guardian. Bond in $1,000. Chandler Eves approved as surety.

Bridge in Locust township. Report of viewers confirmed by the grand jury. Confirmed nisi by the court.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Bogart. Selling liquor without license. The District Attorney and A. C. Smith for the Commonwealth. C. R. and W. J. Buckalew, Robert F. Clark and Charles W. Miller for defendant. In this case the defendant was charged with sale of liquor after his license had expired. It appeared from the evidence that parties were in the habit of having bottles filled by defendant and then leaving money lay on the counter, thus seeking to evade the law. Jury out. Verdict guilty.

In the case of Commonwealth vs. Peter J. Lantz. Embezzlement, the jury found the following verdict: "Jury return a verdict acquitting the defendant, but that he pay the costs." The same day the court sentenced P. J. Lantz to pay the costs and give bail to the sheriff to pay the same within ten days and stand committed until sentence be complied with.

Commonwealth vs. John Bredbender. Recognizance of defendant and George Willets forfeited in open court to be respited on appearance of defendant at next session.

In the estate of Harriet Moyer, deceased. Petition for sale. Sale ordered. Bond in $1,000. O. A. Jacoby and John R. Moyer approved as sureties.

Clark Brink vs. Sarah Brink. Petition in divorce. Subpoena awarded.

Commonwealth vs. Samuel Bogart. Court directed Wesley Bodine and R. Kester to pay costs of attachments.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Lindermuth. Malicious trespass. True bill. Recognizance to next session.

Commonwealth vs. Elmer Runyan. Larceny and housebreaking. Not a true bill.

C. B. Jackson, as Committee of Stephen Shane, vs. Seth B. Bowman. The petition of C. B. Jackson read and filed, and said C. B. Jackson, as committee, made plaintiff and judgement granted for want of an affidavit of defense.

In the matter of the Lunacy of Thomas Crossler, John M. Clark, Esq., continued as committee in lunacy.

William Torrey vs. Winford McDonal, administrators of Thomas Larydon, deceased. Judgment for want of an appearance.

The Mount Carmel Savings Bank vs. T. H. and W. E. Edgar, Plurius Venditioni Exponas. Rule granted on the Sheriff to pay the money into court arising from the sale of land by above writ.

Estate of James Hess, deceased. Wesley Wirt, Esq., appointed Auditor on exceptions.

C. E. Brockway use John H. Donaldson vs. Henry M. Mockman. Rule granted on the Sheriff to pay to fund made on the above writ into court for distribution or disposition.

Esther S. Brobst vs. Jeremiah S. Brobst. Subpoena Divorce. William L. Eyerley, Esq., appointed to take testimony in this case.

Andrew Hess' Estate. A. C. Smith, Esq., continued as Auditor to distribute funds among the heirs and legatees.

Now is the time to buy your Muslins before the price goes up. LUTZ & SLOAN are still selling at the old price.

FOR RENT.—A good two-story frame dwelling house situated on Court House square in the rear of Mrs. Ent's Brick building. A fine garden attached to the place—Possession given on the 1st of April, 1875. For further particulars, apply to Mrs. W. H. ENT, East Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GEORGE W. BATES is prepared to manufacture Boots & Shoes at short notice. Mending neatly and expeditiously done. Rooms above A. J. Evans' Tailoring establishment.

All kinds of Sewing Machine Needles at MARR'S.

MRS. BROWN.—Why Mrs. Smith what a beautiful set of Furniture you have. What a nice set of Chairs, beautiful Lounge, Centre Table, and Walnut Book Case. Of whom did you purchase?

MRS. SMITH.—I always go where I can purchase the best goods for the least money. Take your money and go to JAMES CADMAN'S, Furniture Warerooms, Main Street. He sells cheaper than the cheapest.

Just try MARR'S splendid Syrups, they are cheap.

Hip gore lace top Corsets at LUTZ & SLOAN'S for 50 cents, see them.

ROLLINS & HOLMES have removed to No. 17 Centre Street, below Main.

Go and see I. W. HARTMAN'S new plain Delains for 25 cents.

C. C. MARR wants you to bring his Molasses Tapping Auger home.

9 new prices Black Alpaca added to the 19 pieces on hand, making 28 pieces to select from, at LUTZ & SLOAN'S.

Go to I. W. HARTMAN'S for nice Shirt Bosoms.

All kinds of Dress goods at MARR'S very cheap.

It is well known that Leo or Lion represents the fifth sign of the Zodiac, and is the King of Beasts. As he stands unrivalled in strength and majesty, so does the celebrated Lion Alpaca, sold only by W. P. JONES, Catawissa Pa. Send for sample and try it.

Go to I. W. HARTMAN'S for cheap Muslins.

MARR keeps a nice article of new Orleans Molasses.

W. P. JONES, Catawissa, offers his entire stock of Hats and Caps at cost and under cost to close them out before April 1st. Good Hats for 75 cents to 1,25, best Fur Hats from 1 50 to 2 50.

In consequence of having to move my store the first of April, I will sell all my goods at cost. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods at C. C. ROBBINS.

Don't be worried and annoyed with not only a poor quality of Coal but dirty and slaty besides, but buy of C. W. NEAL & BRO. who deal only in the best qualities. 25tf

Daniel Yocum has removed his Clothing Store to Henry Hartman's building, in the room occupied as a Carpet Store, where he now has a full supply of goods. Call and see. jan29tf.

One ton of Lewis's Lead at MOYER BROTHERS.

$2.50 will buy a nice pair of Ladies Gaiters at E. M. KNORR'S.

W. H. BROWN keeps the most complete and finest assortment of Groceries that can be purchased in market. His Groceries are fresh and are selected from first importers' hands. His prices are low, as he has purchased his goods at bottom figures to suit the times.

RUSSELL has a splendid lot of

Peach Butter,

Apple Butter,

Quince Butter,

Cranberries, Raisins, Dried Currants, Peaches, Prunellas, Corn and all kinds of Canned Fruit.

Another lot of Lamp Chimneys at MOYER BROTHERS.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Go to W. H. BROWN and get one pound best Tea in market, put up in a beautiful Japanned Gilt Cannister, for one dollar.

Farmers, look to your interest and purchase your Cattle Powder of MOYER BROTHERS.

ROLLINS & HOLMES have just received a large stock of Gas Fixtures. Call and see them.

Gents Over Gaiters at E. M. KNORR'S.

The Oil of Gladness—the Sufferer's Friend—for sale at MOYER BROTHERS.

All Coal slated and screened before leaving the old established coal yard of C. W. NEAL & BRO. 25tf

Gum Boots at E. M. KNORR'S—every pair warranted.

W. H. BROWN keeps a fine assortment of Canned Fruits and condensed goods. Also, a full assortment of Nuts and French Candy and Oranges and Lemons.

Concentrated Lye for sale at MOYER BROTHERS.

Men's Calf Boots at E. M. KNORR'S for $5,00.

New firm organized in Bloomsburg, for the transaction of the Wholesale Notion Business.

Style of firm WAGONSELLER & CO.

Location, Second Floor of J. H. Maize's Building, opposite Brown's Hotel.

They propose furnishing to the trade any goods in their line at city prices.

Will run a wagon through this and the adjoining counties for the accommodation of country merchants.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Rubbers at E. M. KNORR'S.

W. H. BROWN has Salt by the barrel and by the sack. Flour Feed and New Buckwheat for sale wholesale and retail, Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Youth's Boots at E. M. KNORR'S for 1.75.

ROLLINS & HOLMES sell the Argan Base Heating Stove, from which all antiklinker stoves are derived.

Town orders taken by C. W. NEAL & BRO. in exchange for coal. 25tf

If you want a good Ham,

If you want cheap and good Tea,

If you want Coffee—Java or Rio,

If you want good Canned Fruit,

If you want the best Mackerel,

If you want Sugar for the least money,

If you want the best Syrups in town,

If you want good Cigars,

If you want good Tobacco,

If you want anything in the Grocery and Provision line, go to RUSSELL'S, Main street. tf-25

COAL. COAL.

Old Established Coal Yard.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of

Domestic,

Cupola,

Blacksmith's Anthracite,

Bituminous,

and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL.

A full assortment of Patent Medicines for sale at MOYER BROTHERS.

Ladies and Gents Buckle Arctic at E. M. KNORR'S.

C. W. NEAL & BRO., spare no expense to send out nice coal. 1f16

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The large, drastic, griping, sickening pills, constructed of crude, coarse and bulky ingredients, are fast being superseded by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, or Sugar-Coated, Concentrated Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules—the "Little Giant" Cathartic or Multum in Parvo Physic. Modern Chemical Science enables Dr. Pierce to extract from the juices of the most valuable roots and herbs their active medicinal principles, which, when worked into little Pellets or Granules, scarcely larger than mustard seed, render each little Pellet as active and powerful as a large pill, while they are much more palatable and pleasant in effect.

Dr. Ira R. Thayer, of Boonsburg, Ohio, writes: "I regard your Pellets as the best remedy for the conditions for which you prescribe them of anything I have ever used, so mild and certain in effect, and leaving the bowels in an excellent condition. It seems to me they must take the place of all other cathartic pills and medicines."

Lyon & Marsteller, druggists, Versailles, D. T., says: "We think they are going to sell like hot cakes as soon as the people get acquainted with them and will spoil the pill trade, as those that have used them like them much better than large pills."

A CLERGYMAN writing to a friend says "My voyage to Europe is indefinitely postponed. I have discovered the 'fountain of health' on this side of the Atlantic. Three bottles of Peruvian Syrup have rescued me from the fangs of the fiend dyspepsia." Dyspeptics should drink from the fountain.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

Will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for these stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain vegetables comprise all the virtues of calomel without its injurious tendencies, is now an admitted fact, [illegible] and these are the Mandrake Pills will be [illegible] [illegible] in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These pills open the bowels and correct all bilious derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretion of bile is promoted by these pills, as will be seen by the altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for use accompany each box of pills.

Prepared only by J. H. Schenck & Son, at their principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON

has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symptoms; indisposition to exertion; loss of memory; difficulty of breathing; general weakness; horror of disease; weak nervous trembling; dreadful horror of death; night sweats; cold feet; weakness; dimness of vision; languor; universal lassitude of the muscular system; enormous appetite with dyspeptic symptoms; hot hands; flushing of the body; dryness of the skin; pallid countenance and eruptions on the face; purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes with temporary suffusion and loss of sight, want of attention, &c. These symptoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that, use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Take only E. F. Kunkel's.

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations. As Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is so well known all over the country, druggists themselves make an imitation and try to palm it off on their customers, when they call for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is put up only in $1 bottles and has a yellow wrapper nicely put on the outside with the proprietor's photograph on the wrapper of each bottle. Always look for the photograph on the outside, and you will always be sure to get the genuine. $1 per bottle, or six for $5 dollars. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

TAPE WORM REMOVED ALIVE.

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. Send for circular. For removing all ordinary worms, call on your druggist and get a bottle of KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP. Price, $1.

A TRIUMPH OVER HUMBUG.

[illegible]

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEA WEED TONIC, AND MANDRAKE PILLS.—These deservedly celebrated and popular medicines have effected a revolution in the healing art, and proved the fallacy of several maxims which have for many years obstructed the progress of medical science. The false supposition that "Consumption is incurable" deterred physicians from attempting to find remedies for that disease, and patients afflicted with it reconciled themselves to death without making an effort to escape from a doom which they supposed to be unavoidable. It is now proved, however, that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED, and that it has been cured in a very great number of cases (some of them apparently desperate ones) by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone; and in other cases by the same medicine in connection with Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, one or both, according to the requirements of the case.

Dr. Schenck himself, who enjoyed uninterrupted good health for more than forty years, was supposed, at one time to be at the very gate of death, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless, and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and, since his recovery, many thousands similarly affected have used Dr. Schenck's preparations with the same remarkable success.

Full directions with each bottle making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his principal office, Corner Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. Schenck's medicines are sold by all druggists.

THE CONFESSION OF AN INVALID.

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Sufferers are invited to address the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR

May 8, '74—6m Box 153, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MANHOOD RESTORED.—A victim of youthful imprudence, causing premature decay, nervous debility, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has found a simple self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. Reeves, 78 Nassau St., New York.

July 3, '74—3m

Marriages.

At Nanticoke on January 26, 1875, by Rev. J. P. Harris, Dr. H. G. COLLEY of Nanticoke, Luzerne Co., and REGINA HEACOCK of Benton, Columbia Co., Pa.

Deaths.

In Orangeville, Jan. 25th, 1875, Mrs. MARIA M. WERTMAN, consort of Benjamin Wertman, aged 61 years, 6 months and 18 days.

In Locust township, on January 22, 1875, Mr. PETER PITNER, aged 30 years, 10 months and 11 days.

In Locust township, January 28, 1875, Mr. JOHN L. HIRST, aged 65 years, 5 months and 21 days.

In Fishingcreek township, on January 21, 1874, of inflamation of the bowels, Mr. LEVI S. LUNGER, aged about 40 years.

On the 17th instant, near Evansville, JACOB ROUP, aged 77 years, 5 months and 23 days.

FOURTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

COLUMBIA COUNTY MUTUAL SAVING FUND & LOAN ASSOCIATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1874.

Months.	No of Shares.	No of Loans.	Loans Repaid.	RECEIVED. Premiums.	Dues, Interest and Fines.	Loans Repaid	Advance Payments.	Total Amount.	PAID. Loans.	Special Deposits.	Interest on Special Deposits.	Expenses.	Total Amount.
January	1529	13		650,00	2309,40		332,64	3338,44	[illegible]				1950,00
February	1548	22		1100,00	1394,30		131,33	1525,63	[illegible]			50,00	2350,00
March	1539	16		773,00	1462,50		31,79	1134,29	2427,00			25,00	2452,00
April	1538	41	2	1068,00	1420,70	811,00	138,35	1876,65	6232,00		75,00		6307,00
May	1578	4		192,00	1383,00		294,12	1572,42	608,00			75,00	683,00
June	1568	23		1104,00	1165,10		127,83	1292,93	[illegible]			23,00	3721,00
July	1578	10		480,00	1465,55		752,50	2218,05	1520,00			25,00	1545,00
August	1585	9		432,00	2605,10		1415,70	[illegible]	[illegible]			25,00	[illegible]
September	1538	10		280,00	1522,00		48,00	1667,00	1320,00				1320,00
October	1518	15		720,00	2768,03		1392,40	4160,03	2280,00	2500,00	75,00		4855,00
November	1538	4		192,00	1325,00		36,00	1362,00	608,00				608,00
December	1538	8	6	384,00	1528,82	978,50	5260,11	7775,96	1216,00	6500,00	589,56	150,00	8455,56
		175	8	$8,475,00	$19,858,80	$1,289,50	$9867,26	$31,015,56	[illegible]	$9000,00	$739,56	[illegible]	[illegible]

Outstanding Orders Nos. 207, 213, 204, 216, 219, 222......... 5624,00

$31,015,56

Average Premium for the year................ $48,42 77-100

Value of Shares........................ $2,63 72-100

ASSETS.

Loans 1871.........229

1872.........175

1873.........201

1874.........175

780

Repaid 8

[illegible] 155,000,00

Bi-monthly Dues, Interest and Fines. [illegible]

[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Due Share-holders for Advance Payments	29931,57
Outstanding Orders	5624,00
Net Assets	142477,00
	[illegible]

RECEIPTS.

Dues, Interest and Fines	$19,858,80
Advance Payments	9867,26
Loans Repaid	1289,50
	$31,015,56

PAYMENTS.

On 175 Loans	[illegible]
On Special Deposits	[illegible]
On Interest on Special Deposits	[illegible]
On Secretary's Salary	[illegible]
On Treasurer's Salary	[illegible]
On Rent	25,00
	$31,015,56

OFFICERS.

E. H. LITTLE, President. C. W. MILLER, Secretary. I. S. KUHN, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS.

J. J. BROWER, JOSEPH TOWNSEND, S. H. MILLER, S. NEYHARD,

E. J. McHENRY, J. B. CASEY, M. W. NUSS, H. G. PHILLIPS,

W. B. KOONS, D. T. JONES, I. S. KUHN, C. W. MILLER.

We, the undersigned, Auditors appointed to examine the Annual Statement of the Secretary, respectfully report that after a careful examination, we found the above statement to be correct.

J. J. BROWER, J. P. TUSTIN, SAMUEL NEYHARD, Auditors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., Jan. 27, 1875.

WANTED.

AT the Catawissa Paper Mill, One Hundred Tons of Rye, Wheat and Oats STRAW. Cash delivered. E. B. GUIE. Oct. 9, '74-3m.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH

DEALER IN

STOVES & TINWARE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.,

Has the pleasure of introducing to the Public

A NEW AND SUPERIOR

COOKING STOVE,

THE "ECLIPSE,"

A new and beautiful stove, for wood or coal. He also [illegible]

COOKING STOVES,

PARLOR STOVES,

IRON WEAR in great variety,

TIN WARE, &c. &c. &c.

[illegible]

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK,

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIES WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired,

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

in great variety and at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Oct. 9, '74-tf

Gray's Ferry Printing Ink Works.

PRATT & ROBINSON, 8 Spruce St., New York.

ROBINSON, Sansom St. Phila.

BLACK AND COLORED

PRINTING INKS.

C. E. ROBINSON, J. C. ROBINSON,

JOHN M. PRATT, late of H. D. Wade & Co.

LOWELL'S Commercial College BINGHAMTON!

AN ACTUAL BUSINESS INSTITUTION AND TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE.

For information call at Office, or send for COLLEGE ADVERTISER. June 26-1y

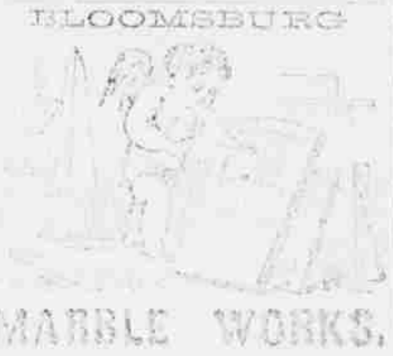
NEW YORK TRIBUNE.—"THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER."—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM. Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Weekly, $2.

Postage Free to Subscribers. Specimen Copies and Advertising Rates Free. Weekly, in clubs of 30 or more, only $1, postage paid. Address THE TRIBUNE, N. Y. Jan 15, 3-1y.

$5 TO $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer. G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. June 5, 3-1y.

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic.—All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertion of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition), containing lists of over 2000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many States at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. Get the Book. Jan 15, 3-1y.

BLOOMSBURG



MARBLE WORKS,

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

Manufacturer of and dealer in all kinds of

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORK

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. Designs on hand and furnished to order.

MONUMENTS,

TOMBS,

HEADSTONES,

URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at low rates of most improved pattern.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business warrants the proprietor in assuring entire satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. Box 132.

N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.

Aug. 21, '74-3m. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

GAS! GAS!

THATCHER & GEARHART,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THEIR SERVICES IN

Plumbing and Gas Fitting,

in which they have had many years of experience. All work of this kind warranted to be of the best description and executed in the most workmanlike manner.

Gas *Pipe* Laid at 12 *Cents Per* Foot!

Steam Engines and Boilers,

Steam and Hand Pumps,

Pipe and Fittings.

A Splendid Assortment of Chandeliers, Brackets, Lamps, Shades, Bronze Ornaments, &c.

EXQUISITE SLATE MANTELS,

THE CELEBRATED

JAPAN PAPER-WARE,

BUCKETS, BASINS, BOWLS, &c. &c.

Store Room in Bloomsburg, on Main Street, opposite St. Paul's Episcopal Church. Give them a call!

Oct. 2, '74-tf

AGENTS WANTED to solicit for the

Provident Life & Trust Co.,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated 3d month, 22d day, 1865.

Good risks of first class solicited. A very reliable and low cost company, and easy to solicit for. Apply personally or by letter to the HOME OFFICE, Philadelphia. Nov. 13, '74-6m.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.

Orders will receive prompt attention. g1,7-41

FAIRBANKS SCALES

AWARDED THE HIGHEST and ONLY PREMIUM FOR SCALES,

TWO SILVER MEDALS AT THE FRANKLIN INSTITUTE 1874.

also at the PARIS EXPOSITION 1867.

Over Thirty-four Competitors

and at the VIENNA EXPOSITION AND 1873

acknowledged the STANDARD OF THE WORLD

Fairbanks & Ewing "715" Chestnut St. PHILADELPHIA

Jan. 15, '75-3m

ROLLINS & HOLMES

Plumbers

STEAM

AND

GAS

Fitters,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware,

ALSO

Galvanised Iron Cornish, Awnings, and Wire Trellises.

Dealers in Furnaces, Stove Ranges, Mantles Pumps, &c. CORRELL'S BLOCK, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 2, '74-1y

BLOOMSBURG

State Normal School.

THIS Institution affords to students preparing for the profession of TEACHING, facilities unequalled for advancement, in the most approved methods of instruction.

For the accommodation of students desiring preparation for College or for the business relations of life, an Academic Department is organized, which affords the best possible facilities for so doing.

Each course of study is complete in itself.

Superior advantages are offered for instruction in Music and in Fine Arts.

Fall Session commences Wednesday, August 26th. [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

TERMS.

Board, including Fuel and Washing, Four Dollars per week.

Tuition one dollar per week. In Model school, forty to sixty cents per week.

Students are admitted at any time, and in any course of study for which they may be prepared. It is better, if possible, to be present at the commencement of a term, or a session.

Send for a catalogue.

Application for admission may be addressed to

PR. T. L. GRISWOLD, Principal.

COL. J. G. FREEZE, Secretary.

Aug. 14, '74-1y

WANTED.—Agents, male and female, to sell Pidman's every where. Fourteen thousand retailed by one. Another writes: "I can make more money in this business than I can on a $5,000 farm, all stocked. WHITNEY & CO., Norwich, Conn.

jan29'75.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Notice is hereby given that the Horse, Wagon, Carriage and Harness, now in the possession of Andrew Hess of Catawissa, belongs to me.

Dec. 25, '74—3t. M. P. BUTLER.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between N. P. Tingley and Wm. Morris, is dissolved by mutual consent.

jan22w.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Bloomsburg Gas company will put in service pipe and Meters to the citizens of Bloomsburg for $[illegible] where the distance from the street does not exceed 30 feet; excess of 30 feet will be charged at the rate of 25 cents per foot until September 1st 1875. C. W. MILLER, Secretary.

Sept. 11, '74—tf

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Coleman & Myers has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

JESSE COLEMAN,

E. T. MYERS.

The business will be continued by Jesse Coleman, at the old stand where he will always be glad to receive his old friends and customers.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a bill will be introduced into the General Assembly of Pennsylvania to repeal an act entitled "An act creating Martin Monaghan of the borough of Ashland in the county of Schuylkill, an auctioneer for the counties of Schuylkill and Columbia," approved, the 12th day of March, 1872. Signed, JOHN LAZARUS.

Jan. 29, '75-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARTHA HARTMAN, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Martha Hartman late of Scott township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said County to Ezekiel Hartman of Shickshinny. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay.

EZEKIEL HARTMAN, Administrator,

Jan. 8, '75-6w Shickshinny, Luzerne county, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF PHILIP [illegible], DECEASED.

[illegible]

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN RUTON, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John Ruton, late of Fishing creek township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Matthias Ruton, New Columbus, Luzerne county, and D. L. Chapin, Davidson, Sullivan county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

MATTHIAS RUTON, New Columbus,

D. L. CHAPIN, Davidson,

Administrator's.

jan22'6w.

PROPOSALS FOR STREET LAMPS!

Proposals for Street Lamps and Lamp Posts, for the Town of Bloomsburg, will be received by the President of the Town Council of said Town, until [illegible], the 21st inst., the Lamps and Posts to be [illegible] in number, and the former to be of a character suitable for the proper consumption of the gas furnished by the Bloomsburg Gas company. Contractors to take in payment Town Bonds payable with interest, [illegible] of the Lamps and Posts and the [illegible] by the proper authorities. Samples of Lamps and Posts can be seen at the Council room by calling on the Secretary.

S. LOWENBERG,

P. WIRT, Secretary. President of Town Council.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 22, '75.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

The County Treasurer, on the first day of January 1875, paid in his Orders of County funds, and [illegible] which show the amount [illegible] due the Treasurer to be $200.13. In order to meet the current demands on the County Treasury, collectors are requested to make prompt [illegible].

The amount of County tax uncollected is $[illegible]. [illegible]

WM. KRICKBAUM,

Bloomsburg, Jan. 22, 1875—3t. Clerk.

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

WILL be sold by Public Vendue on the premises in Fishing creek township, Columbia county, near the Methodist Brick Church, one mile from [illegible], on Wednesday the 17th of February, 1875, the farm on which the subscriber resides.

CONTAINING ABOUT 62 ACRES,

[illegible] all cleared except about 15 acres, on which is erected a new FRAME HOUSE, NEW BARN, and other outbuildings. There is a never failing stream of water near the barn and a good spring at the house. A large number of young and thrifty fruit trees, of all varieties, and 25 to 30 peach trees, have been planted and are growing on the premises. The soil is a sandy loam [illegible], and under good cultivation. It has been well limed and is otherwise in good condition.

TERMS OF SALE.—$[illegible] to be paid on delivery of deed and the balance in annual payments to be secured by judgment. JOHN BLOSS.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

BY VIRTUE OF AUTHORITY IN THE last will [illegible] of William Barnes, the undersigned Executor will expose to sale at public [illegible]

A Valuable Farm

situated about one-half mile from Jerseytown in the township of Madison, county of Columbia, Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of George W. Smick, James Masteller, J. R. [illegible] and public road to Buckhorn, containing about

EIGHTY ACRES

all cleared and in a good farming condition except about [illegible] of timber land.

ALSO,

A LOT OF LAND in Madison township bounded by lands of C. J. Heller, Wm. Heller and others, containing about [illegible] acres.

ALSO,

A LOT OF LAND in Jerseytown, containing about [illegible] of an acre of ground whereon is erected a SMALL DWELLING HOUSE. A well of water at the door.

Sale of house and lot on the premises on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY, 6, 1875,

at 10 o'clock a. m., and of the other premises on the farm on the same day at 1 o'clock p. m.

CONDITIONS OF SALE:—One half of purchase money to be paid and the other half at striking down of property and balance in one year. On the farm one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, and the balance in one year thereafter with interest.

Jan. 15, '75-ts. R. A. WATSON, Executor.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS AND TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

[illegible]

WM. KRICKBAUM,

Bloomsburg, Jan. 15, '75—3t. Clerk.

STATEMENT OF MADISON POOR DIS. TRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDING APRIL 1st, 1874.

Amount of Duplicate	$ 1,869,38
Balance from former year	199,91
Received from produce of farm	[illegible]
	$2,117,81

EXPENDITURES.

Amount paid for keeping paupers	$ 301,33
[illegible]	[illegible]

THOMAS J. SWISHER, WM. MASTELLER, GEO. W. KUTLE, Directors of the Poor.

WE, the Auditors of Madison township, have examined the aforegoing and find it correct.

WM. E. DEMOTT, T. H. GRIMES, JOHN SMITH, Auditors.

Jan. 22, '75-3t

Miscellaneous.

PARODY.

Tell me, ye winged winds
That round my pathway roar,
Do ye not know some spot
Where women fret no more?
Some lone and pleasant dell,
Some "holler" in the ground,
Where babies never yell,
And cradles are not found?
The loud wind blew the snow into my face,
And snickered as it answered—"Nary place."

Tell me, thou misty deep,
Whose billows round me play,
Know'st thou some favored spot
Some island far away,
Where weary man can find
A place to smoke in peace,
Where crinoline is not,
And hoops are out of place?
The loud winds, sounding a perpetual shout,
Stopped for awhile, and spluttered, "You get out."

And thou, serenest moon,
That with such holy face,
Dost look upon the girls,
Who with their beaux embrace,
Tell me, in all thy round,
Hast thou not seen some spot
Where muslin is not found,
And calico is not?
Behind a cloud the moon withdrew in woe,
And a voice sweet, but sad, responded "Poh!"

Tell me, my secret soul—
Oh! tell me, Hope and Faith,
Is there no resting place
From women, girls and death?
Is there no happy spot
Where bachelors are blessed,
Where females never go,
And man may dwell in peace?
Faith, Hope and Truth—best boons to mortals given—
Waved their bright wands, and answered, "Yes in Heaven."

Boys, Wake Up!

Boys, wake up! Don't sit dreaming as though the world was just made to sleep in Don't imagine that somebody is going to clothe and feed you while you do nothing but read love stories. Have more ambition than to part your hair in the middle, carry a cane or fourish a cigar. Don't any of you, belittle yourself by useing tobacco in any form. It will make you filthy, create an appetite for liquor, and make you old and nervous.

Wake up! Try to be somebody. Try to do something. Try to be noble, honest and industrious. By being somebody we do not mean simply being rich; or just like all the rest of the boys. Step out boldly into new paths that other boys are too indolent and timid to try. In doing this, you may not be like Ned, who uses oaths; or Fred, who plays cards; or Tom, who says his mother and father don't know anything; or like a score of other boys who all do about the same way for fear the rest will laugh at them.

To do something is to shovel coal or run errands; indeed, anything that is right rather than lounge on hotel steps or in saloons. If you would rather tell a little falsehood, or smoke, or drink, than to be seen in plain clothes, coarse boots and at work—you are just nobody.

Truth, temperance and good deeds make men; clothes have nothing to do with it. If the lads you associate with talk sneeringly of their mothers and sisters, avoid them as you would a deadly poison. The influence of low, vulgar language may lead you to infamy. BE PURE. O, how pleasant it is to look into the face of an innocent lad who is chaste and virtuous! Take care of your bodies; do not abuse them. Keep them sacredly pure, clean and wholesome.

Don't think that because you are only a lad it will not make any difference if you do just as you please. Don't think that God thinks very little about you, when the most trifling act you may do is held in His everlasting remembrance. He says: "Even a child is known by his doings, whether his works be pure, or whether they be right." Just think of that! Oh, how good, and right and pure, then, ought ever child to be, because for such God is fitting up a beautiful mansion in glory!

Fish Culture.

The subject of *Fish-culture* continues to attract the public attention, and especially in view of the success of the operations on the part of the United States in the introduction of salmon into its waters. The United States establishment on the Sacramento River, under the charge of Mr. Livingston Stone, has yielded this season 6,000,000 eggs, and the number collected at Bucksport, on the Penobscot, by Mr. Charles G. Atkins, is over 3,000,000, or more than 9,000,000 in all. If half of these be hatched and placed in the streams of the country, it will make a large addition to the population of the waters, especially when we bear in mind the fact that these are planted after the yolk-bag is absorbed, and when the fish is able to feed and care for itself. According to the estimates of reliable fish-culturists, in the case of natural spawning not more than one fish of the age referred to is obtained from 1000 eggs; so that the number supposed to be derived from the labors of the Fish Commission during the year would be equivalent to the yield from five thousand millions of eggs.

The California eggs were sent as soon as sufficiently ripe to the fish-hatching stations throughout the Middle and Eastern United States. Such of them as were hatched successfully and reared are now being distributed in appropriate waters. All the Northern and Eastern States have shared in this distribution, as well as Texas, North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, etc. The eggs from the Bucksport establishment are not sufficiently mature for distribution.

An ample warrant for the introduction of fish into localities strange to them is seen in the success of the attempts to supply Tasmania and New Zealand with species of British trout and perch, these having already become more abundant than the native fish, the perch being now captured by the ton in their new abode, and of very large size.

So far there is no satisfactory evidence of a successful experiment with the salmon sent to New Zealand, and the effort is to be renewed during the coming winter by sending the eggs from Great Britain.—*Harper's Magazine.*

Size and Cost of European Armies.

The following extracts are taken from a series of tables published in Vienna:

The Russian army comprises 862,000 men, 181,000 horses and 2,084 cannon.

Germany has 37 divisions of infantry, 10 divisions of cavalry, 337 batteries of artillery, comprising 835,000 men, 86,000 horses, 2,022 cannon.

Austria has 45 divisions of infantry, 5 divisions of cavalry, 315 batteries of cannon, making a total of 740,210 men, 58,125 horses and 1,600 cannon.

English armed forces comprise 471,000 men; France 800,000 men.

The remaining States of Europe make up with the above a total of about 5,000,000 of men. If each man could earn on an average one dollar daily, here would be a total loss to the world of five millions of dollars a day. And the cost of support and wages of the men alone, including officers, will make five millions more, or ten millions, exclusive of the cost of arsenals, forts, ships, wagons, tents, hospitals, &c.

God gives every bird its food, but does not throw it into the nest.

Better suffer for truth than prosper by falsehood.

Calumny.

In this world of ours thousands thoughtlessly lie sleeping in careless serenity, little concerned about the calumniator's poison. Relying upon the liberty of a free conscience, and reposing in the fancied security of personal integrity, they slumber on, as if invulnerable to calumny's stroke.

Be thou chaste as ice, pure as snow,
And yet, thou shalt not escape calumny.

So said the great painter of human thoughts and feelings three centuries ago—so echoe many blighted hearts and scores of desolate hearts send the echo back. Give the calumniator a thread of news—no matter how light, fragile, or unsubstantial—and by skillful, pliant manipulation, the thread, by cunning legerdemain, is soon dexterously transformed into a vast cable of slander. In this age of reformation our vials of wrath and indignation are too often poured out upon dead issues. We load our guns and fire at tombstones, and real, living vital matters are held in abeyance until a more convenient season. The sacred pulpit is too much devoted to discussions of abstruse doctrine, while the evils of the human heart are but too seldom toucehd. The ministers who should stand forth and fulminate their condemnation of these inward passions of envy, jealousy, hate, calumny, etc., are often too much engrossed by the thought of uttering something strong and polemical or sweet and sugary.

If there's one thing above another truly Satanic, it is calumny. A fiend far worse than he who steals your purse, is one who strives to rob you of reputation. The homicide, who, in a fit of anger, jealousy, or rage, hurls his victim into a premature grave, is far more excusable than the cool, systematic, persevering assailant of character and fair fame. And who are victims of these "calumnious snakes?" Not the libertine, for no charge against him would be accounted calumny; not the rogue, swindler, or any disreputable personage. Oh, no! calumny has a higher mark. The pure shaft of innocence rearing its head heavenward is the thing upon which calumny strives to throw the garbage of slander. 'Tis the young man of promise, talent, or popularity who presents a mark for these shafts. The young lady of attraction—of beauty—stands forth a fair target for calumny. Not the dissolute, but the pure, are the ones at whom the calumniator—oft-times with William Tell precision—lets fly the arrow of slander, and many a pure daughter, persecuted wife, upright son, proud parent, are, by slander's agency, sent through life, or rather hurried through this existence, "with hearts bowed down by weight of woe."

Were each individual of the thirty odd millions of our people the possessor of Stentor's voice ten times magnified, and at some set hour or minute all would exercise their vocal power in a condemnatory shout of calumny, the effect would be none too great to give expression to what should be intense abhorrence of this nipping, frosty evil. This vocal power we do now possess, nor, as a nation, can we, as in one voice, cry down this evil, but as individuals, we can, and should, draw the bow of condemnation, and "shoot" calumny "as it flies."

When people persecute you because you are more generous than they, they always say it is because you are a fool and don't know the worth of money. When they would punish you for being truthful and honest above their standard, they slily say you are overturning the foundations of business, and are saying things that make mischief. When you demand justice for the helpless and poor, and that christians should do all things in a manner not conformed to to the spirit of this world—that is, do all things unselfishly, and in a magnanimous and loving spirit—they say you are a demagogue, and that you would upturn and overthrow society. Your amiability they term shallowness; your spirit, temper; your self-sacrifice is to them a lack of appreciation for the good things of life, or a pride in suffering; if you contend for the right, they say you delight in controversy; if you keep quiet, they will stigmatize you as a stupid or sullen fellow.

All those unfortunates who have fallen under the lash of an unruly tongue desire to make scandal a punishable offence, and declare that in this particular at least, the world has degenerated, as in old times the scandal-monger paid dearly for sins committed.

How They Treat Grasshoppers in China.

The local authorities, whether civil or military, are held responsible for the stamping out of these insects as soon as their appearance has been reported. They are required to summon a large body of men, and at once surround and destroy the locusts, the expenses of the maintainance of the men and compensation for crops trodden down during the chase being supplied by the provincial treasury. Should the local authorities succeed in stamping out the locusts within a limited time, their services are favorably reported to the Emperor; but should they fail, and the locusts spread and do damage, they are liable to be deprived of their posts, arrested and handed over to the proper board for punishment. A certain sum per bushel is paid to peasants bringing in unwinged locusts, and half that sum when the locusts are able to fly, while compensation is given for crops trodden down in the chase. The locusts are swept with besoms into trenches dug at the sides of the corn fields, in which a vigorous fire is kept up. The best time to capture locusts is when they are feeding, at dawn of day, when their bodies being heavy and their wings wet with dew, they are unable to jump or fly. If the Western States, or any part of them, are to be visited by the locusts in future as they have been of late years, some system of defense will have to be adopted. Under existing circumstances, the use of men in large bodies is impracticable, and the ingenuity of inventors or scientists is our only hope. The prospect, it must be confessed, is not very cheering, for the vast uninhabited regions afford breeding grounds which effectually defy all attemps at extermination.

Some farmers seem to think that the fresh air of our October nights, and an occasional wetting with the cold fall rains, are good for the health of their horses, colts, cows or calves, and makes them hardy and vigorous. But this is all wrong. It is unprofitable as well as cruel. Animals exposed to the cold until they are chilled, are stunted in their growth, and gather the seeds of future disease. Warmth saves feed.—Cold wastes feed. Stock well housed keep in better condition, on less food, than those left out doors in rail pens, damp yards or exposed pastures. At this season no stock should be kept out at night nor on stormy days, for the abrupt change from warm, sunny days to cold storms of rain and sleet is too great a shock.—Pine boards are in a sense excellent fodder, and a dry bed of straw the best o nutriment. Farmers who consult the comfort of their stock and their own profit will see to it that their stables and sheds are put in good order, loose boards nailed on, doors and roofs made tight, good dry straw furnished for bedding, and that their cattle are comfortably sheltered before the cold winds begin to blow and the first snow of the season flies.—*Am. Agriculturist.*

VEGETINE

Purifies the blood, Renovates and Invigorates the whole System.

ITS MEDICAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated, that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulus Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflamatory and chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal complaints, can only be effectually cured through blood.

For Ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scaldhead and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney complaints, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and Genral Debility, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflamation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowles.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever give such perfect satisfaction as the VEGETINE. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures affected by VEGETINE have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, VEGETINE is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable Blood Purifier yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep at night. It is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep,—as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the VEGETINE. Give it fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your friend, neighbor and acquaintance, "Try it: it has cured me."

VEGETINE for complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? Vegetine will Cure these Complaints.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869.

Gentlemen—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with Salt Rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised preparations, among which was any quantity of Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the VEGETINE, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw that I had got the right medicine. Consequently, I followed on with it until I had taken seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from pimples and eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of VEGETINE. To benefit those afflicted with Rheumatism, I will make mention also of the VEGETINE's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER, Pas. Ag't Mich. C. R. R.,
69 Washington street, Boston.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Jan.29,'75—1y

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country!

$75.000.00

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINES'

171st Regular Monthly

GIFT ENTERPRISE!

To be drawn Monday, February 22d, 1875.

Two Grand Capitals of

5.000.00 each in Cash!

One Prize, $1.000 }
Two Prizes, $500 } Each in Cash!
Five Prizes, $100 }

1 Horse and Buggy with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600!

1 Fine Toned, Rosewood Piano, worth $550!

THREE GOLD WATCHES & CHAINS, WORTH $300 EACH!

Three Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each!

Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $100 each!

1000 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches in all, worth from $20 to $300 each!*

GOLD CHAINS, SILVER-WARE, &c., &c.

NUMBER OF GIFTS 7,500!

TICKETS LIMITED TO 75.000!

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickts $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

Office, Excelsior Build'g, L. D. SINE,
Cor. Race & Longworth. Box 432, CINCINNATI, O.

Jan. 8, 1875—7w

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

SYRUP PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP, vitalizes and enriches the blood, tones up the system, builds up the broken-down, cures dyspepsia, debility, dropsy, chills and fevers, chronic diarrhœa, nervous affections, boils, humors, diseases of the kidneys and bladder, female complaints, &c.

Thousands have been changed by the use of this remedy from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial. CAUTION.—Be sure you get the "PERUVIAN SYRUP" (not Peruvian Bark). Sold by dealers generally. A 32-page pamphlet, containing a treatise on iron as a medical agent and other valuable papers, testimonials from distinguished physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent free to any address. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, proprietors, 86 Harrison Avenue, Boston.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

FACTS SWORN TO

Dr. J. P. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, perfected Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871.

F. A. OSBOURN, Notary Public, Phila.

We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D.D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Phila. &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila., for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by druggists.

DR. FITLERS PILLS, (25 cents,) should be used with SYRUP. Feb.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED. To sell DR. CHASE'S RECIPES; OR INFORMATION FOR EVERYBODY, in every County in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the Publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 2,000 household recipes, and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducement ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail post paid, for $2. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address,

DR. CHASE'S STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,
Nov. 20, '74—3m ANN ARBOR, MICH.

WANTED AGENTS TO SOLICIT FOR THE PROVIDENT LIFE AND TRUST CO., Of Philadelphia.

ORGANIZED AND MANAGED BY FRIENDS.

Good risks of any class solicited. A very reliable and popular company, and easy to solicit for. Apply promptly by letter to the HOME OFFICE, Philadelphia.

Nov 13, '74—3m.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

THE POPULAR

CASH STORE

OF

W. P. JONES,

Corner Main and Third streets,

CATAWISSA, PA.

WE OPEN THE NEW YEAR WITH greater facilities for pleasing our Friends and Patrons. Having removed back to

OUR OLD STAND,

Which has been Thoroughly Remodeled Throughout,

We have now one of the finest rooms in this vicinity. We shall always keep a full assortment of

FANCY DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS, &C.,

And we shall endeavor to sell them at prices which you will appreciate. With my thanks for your valued favors in the past and trusting for a continuance of the same, I am

Yours Respectfully,

W. P. Jones,

A New Idea!

A

WILSON

SHUTTLE

Sewing Machine

FOR

50 Dollars!!

FARMERS,
MERCHANTS,
MECHANICS,
AND
EVERYBODY

Buy the World-Renowned

WILSON

Shuttle Sewing Machine!

THE

BEST IN THE WORLD!

☞ **The Highest Premium was awarded to it at**

VIENNA;

Ohio State Fair;
Northern Ohio Fair;
Amer. Institute, N. Y.;
Cincinnati Exposition;
Indianapolis Exposition;
St. Louis Fair;
Louisiana State Fair;
Mississippi State Fair;
and Georgia State Fair;

FOR BEING THE

BEST SEWING MACHINES,

and doing the largest and best range of work. All other Machines in the Market were in direct

COMPETITION!!

☞ *For Hemming, Felling, Stitching, Cording, Binding, Braiding, Embroidering, Quilting and Stitching fine or heavy goods it is unsurpassed.*

Where we have no Agents we will deliver a Machine for the price named above, at the nearest Rail Road Station of Purchasers.

Needles for all Sewing Machines for Sale.

Old Machines taken in Exchange.

Send for Circulars, Price List, &c., and Copy of the Wilson Reflector, one of the best Periodicals of the day, devoted to Sewing Machines, Fashions, General News and Miscellany.

Agents Wanted

ADDRESS,

Wilson Sewing Machine Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

For local agencies in Columbia and Luzerne, apply to

BRADER & McGRAW,
GENERAL AGENTS,
Beach Haven, Luzerne County, Pa.

June 18, '74—6m

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use VINEGAR BITTERS as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Sept. 5, '74—6m.

A GREAT STRIDE!

:o:

Up and Over Old Methods found to be faulty, or objectionable, discarded!

:o:

A NEW AND VASTLY ADVANTAGEOUS PLAN HEREBY ADOPTED BY

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD

At their Works in Bloomsburg,

Formerly Bloomsburg Iron and Manufacturing company, where will be kept constantly on hand a large assortment of

White and Red Ash Anthracite Coal,

FOR DOMESTIC PURPOSES, AND

CUPULO, BLACKSMITH AND BITUMINOUS COAL,

at prices to suit the trade. All Coal specially prepared before leaving the Yard. Also

Plows and Threshing Machines,

and all kinds of

Casting and Machine Work.

REPAIRING promptly attended to. They would respectfully solicit the Patronage of the Public.

G. M. & J. K. LOCKARD,
Jan. 8, '74—1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his large and elegant stock of

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM,
AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
FIGURED,
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND
FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

July 1, '73-tf.

BLANKS! BLANKS!

FOR SALE AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

REMINGTON.

:o:

The REMINGTON SEWING MACHINE has sprung rapidly into favor as possessing the best COMBINATION of good qualities, namely: Light running, Smooth, Noiseless, Rapid, Durable, with perfect Lock Stitch.

It is a Shuttle Machine, with Automatic Drop Feed. Design beautiful and construction the very best.

REMINGTON No. 1 Machine for family use, in the THIRD YEAR OF ITS EXISTENCE, has met with A MORE RAPID INCREASE OF RATIO OF SALES THAN ANY MACHINE ON THE MARKET.

REMINGTON No. 2 Machine for MANUFACTURING and family use, (ready for delivery only since June, 1874, for range, perfection, and variety of work, is without a rival in family or workshop.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. SEND FOR CIRCULAR

ADDRESS,

Remington Sewing Machine Company, Ilion, N. Y.

BRANCH OFFICES OF REMINGTON COMPANIES.

E. Remington & Sons, }
Remington Sewing M. Co., } ILION, N. Y.
Remington Ag'l Co., }

281 & 283 Broadway, New York, Arms.
Madison Square, New York, Sewing Machines.
Chicago, 237 State St., Sewing Machines and Arms.
Boston, 332 Washington St., Sewing Machines.
Cincinnati, 181 West 4th St., Sewing Machines.
Utica, 129 Genesee St., Sewing Machines.
Atlanta, Ga., Dezilva's Opera House, Marietta Street, Sewing Machines.
Washington, D. C., 521 Seventh St., Sewing Machines.

Dec. 25, '74—3m

HARDWARE STORE.

LAYTON RUNYON, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A

keeps constantly on hand a Full and Complete Stock of

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE,

which he will sell to the Public at Prices so Low as to defy competition.

HIS STOCK CONSISTS IN PART OF

IRON, NAILS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS and PUTTY,

MECHANICS TOOLS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

of all Grades and Latest Improvements,

BLACKSMITHS BELLOWS, ANVILS, SLEDGES, and HAMMERS.

Burden's Horse and Mule shoes, Horse Nails, &c.

PATENT WHEELS, OLD'S AND WARNER'S PATENTS,

Spokes, Heavy and Light, Carriage Mallebles,

Axles, Springs, Gum and Oil Cloths, Valentines Varnishes,

and a general Stock of

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKERS GOODS,

Building Materials, such as Duncannon Nails, Lewis' Lead, Best Colors, Pure Oils, &c., as low as they can be bought in the county

GIVE ME A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

LAYTON RUNYON.

Sep. 11, 1874—tf.

NEW HARDWARE STORE!

J. F. WIDEMAN & CO.

Gimlets, Gouges, Tweezers, Pliers
Pots and Kettles, Pans and Friers.
All things for all sorts of buyers.

Keep on Hand the

LARGEST STOCK

OF

HEAVY

AND

SHELF HARDWARE

In the County.

We have also added to our Stock

PATENT WHEELS & SPOKES,

WHEELBARROWS,

GLASS, PUTTY, GRINDSTONES, &C.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE

In all its Branches, Carefully Selected and Purchased low for Cash giving us Advantages for Selling which can not be excelled by any other

Hardware Store in the Country.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.

We GUARANTEE both in PRICE and QUALITY of our Goods,

The Largest Store in the Country.

May 29, '74— J. F. WIDEMAN & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa

CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and

FANCY.

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.

July 1, 1873—tf.

LIGHT STREET

BUGGY & CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

H. F. OMAN hereby informs the public that he has entered into co-partnership with his brother, G. L. Oman, and that the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of

H. F. OMAN & BROTHER.

They will have on hand or manufacture to order

BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES,
SPRING WAGONS,
LIGHT WAGONS,
ROAD WAGONS,

and every thing in their line of business, of the best material and most complete workmanship, and at as low as can be afforded.

A share of Public patronage is respectfully solicited.

4—1y. H. F. OMAN & BROTHER.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A. S. CROSSLEY has on hand and for sale cheaper than the cheapest, for cash, or will exchange for old Wagons on reasonable terms,

CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
AND
WAGONS

of every description both plain and fancy.

Portable Top Buggies, open Buggies, Plain and Fancy Platform Spring Wagons all of the latest style and made of good material and fully warranted.—Also give a call before purchasing elsewhere, as I cannot be undersold. I claim that I make the best wagons for the least money.

I also do painting, trimming and repair old work at the shortest notice, old springs welded and warranted to stand or no pay. I will exchange a portable top buggy for any kind of lumber, such as hemlock, pine, ash, linn hickory and poplar to be delivered at my shop by the first of February, 1875. Iron-dale orders taken and McKelvy, Neal & Co's for repairing as cash. A. S. CROSSLEY.

July 1, 1873—tf.

Manhood: How Lost How Restored!

JUST published a new edition of Dr. CULVERWELL'S celebrated essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal weakness, Impotency, Mental and physical incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits induced by self-indulgence or sextual extravagance Piles, &c.

☞ *Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.*

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. SILSBEE'S REMEDY FOR PILES Send for circular.

Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

April 23, '74—y

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED PROMPTLY

AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

ROBERT ROAN

CABINET MAKER

AND

UNDERTAKER,

Iron Street, between Main and Third Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ALL kinds of Furniture made to order and broken furniture neatly repaired. The quality and prices of his work will compare with any that can be produced and he respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

Undertaking

Will be carefully and promptly attended to. When called upon during any hour of the day or night he will at once respond and lay out the dead. When female help in such cases is desired he will furnish the same.

Ready Made Coffins

both of WOOD and METALLIC WARE always on hand. He is also the the sole proprietor in Bloomsburg and surrounding districts to

Taylor's Patent Corpse Preserver

By which a corpse may be surely and carefully preserved in ice for any desirable length of time. The use of the Preserver may be obtained from him at any time. Scarfs, Shrouds, Gloves and Mourning for Doors furnished when requested. Also, HEARSE and CONVEYANCES furnished.

☞ *Remember he is a Regular Undertaker and thoroughly understands his business. He will not be undersold by any in Bloomsburg or in the county.* ROBERT ROAN.

Dec. 11, '74—1y

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NOV. 9th, 1874.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,53 a. m
For Catawissa, 11,53 a. m. and 7,38 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,28 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 9,00 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,30 a. m., Pottsville, 12,10 p. m. and Tamaqua, 1,30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,20 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 9,20 a. m. and 5,00 p. m.
Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTEN,
May 2, 1874-tf. General Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 29th, 1873, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrive Elmira..........11.50 a. m
" Canandaigua... 3.35 p. m.
" Rochester...... 5.35 "
" Niagara........ 9.40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.35 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.80 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m
" Baltimore 8.40 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50 p. m.
" Washington 10.30 "
" Baltimore 6.30 "
" Washington 8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m.
" Washington 5.15 "
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.55 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
" Washington 10.35 "
All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia, 12.55 p. m
" " " Harrisburg.... 5.00 p. m
" " " Williamsport.. 9.15 p. m
" " " Lock Haven 10.30 p. m
" " arrive at Buffalo...... 9.00 a. m

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia..........11.55 p. m
" " " Harrisburg........... 4.25 a. m
" " " Williamsport........ 8.35 a. m
" " " Lock Haven.......... 9.55 a. m
" " " Renovo.............. 11.10 a. m
" " arr. at Erie............ 8.05 p. m

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia........8.00 a. m.
" " " Harrisburg......... 1.25 p. m.
" " " Williamsport....... 6.30 p. m.
" " arr. at Lock Haven.......... 7.30 p. m.

LOCK HAVEN ACCOM. leaves Harrisburg 9.15 a. m
" " " " Williamsport .05 p. m
" " " " Lock Haven.1e p. m

:o:

EASTWARD.

PHILA EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven.... 6.40 a. m.
" " " Williamsport.... 7.55 a. m.
" " arrives at Harrisburg.... 12.10 a. m.
" " " Philadelphia..... 4.15 a. m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie......................11.20 a. m
" " " Renovo............. 8.35 p. m
" " " Lock Haven......... 9.45 p. m
" " " Williamsport....... 10.55 p. m
" " arr. at Harrisburg.......... 2.30 a. m
" " arr. at Philadelphia........ 7.00 a. m

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Lock Haven.... 9.4 a. m.
" " " Williamsport....... 1.10 p. m
" " " Sunbury............ 12.40 p. m
" " arr. at Harrisburg......... 6.15 p. m
" " arr. at Philadelphia........ 6.50 p. m

NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves Kane .... 9.0 a. m
" " " Renovo............ 4.05 p. m
" " " Lock Haven........ 5.25 p. m
" " " Williamsport...... 6.50 p. m
" " " Sunbury........... 8.40 p. m
" " arr. at Harrisburg........ 10.55 p. m
" " " Philadelphia........ .50 a. m

Mail East connects east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry and Irvineton with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Elmira Mail and Buffalo Express make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. train north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. train south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Jan. 8,'75—tf General Supt.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

Organs and Melodeons.

THE OLDEST, LARGEST AND MOST PERFECT

Manufactory in the United States.

54 000

Now in use.

No other Musical Instrument ever obtained the same popularity.

☞ Send for Price Lists.

Address,
Nov. BUFFALO, N. Y

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,

Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.